

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Synthesis and Evaluation of Antimicrobial and Antibiofilm Properties of A-Type Procyanidin Analogues against Resistant Bacteria in Food

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S1. Physical, spectroscopic and spectrometric data of synthesized compounds.

3',4'-Dihydroxyflavylium hydrogensulfate (13). Melting point: 230 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3078, 1587, 1545, 1508, 1454, 1335, 1308, 1231, 1130, 1047, 939, 862, 820, 754, 723, 679 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH:HCl 1:1; pH = 1): λ_{max} (log ϵ): 467 (4.52), 283 (3.98) nm. ¹H NMR (CD₃CN/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 7.06 (d, 1, J = 8.7 Hz, H-8(A)), 7.86 (t, 1, J = 7.4 Hz, H-6(A)), 7.91 (d, 1, J = 1.0 Hz, H-2'(B)), 8.17 (m, 4, H-5(A), H-7(A), H-5'(B), H-6'(B)), 8.56 (d, 1, J = 9.1 Hz, H-3(C)), 9.17 (d, 1, J = 9.1 Hz, H-4(C)). ¹³C NMR (CD₃CN/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 117.1 (C-5'(B)), 118.4 (C-8(A)), 118.5 (C-2'(B)), 119.5 (C-3(C)), 121.3 (C-1'(B)), 124.8 (C-10(A)), 129.0 (C-6'(B)), 130.6 (C-5(A)), 131.5 (C-6(A)), 139.2 (C-7(A)), 148.6 (C-3'(B)), 154.2 (C-4(C)), 156.5 (C-4'(B)), 159.6 (C-9(A)), 175.8 (C-2(C)). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁O₃ 239.0703, found 239.0705.

3',4',5,7-Tetrahydroxyflavylium chloride (14). Melting point: 95 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3314, 3011, 1639, 1589, 1508, 1327, 1271, 1219, 1151, 1080, 1034, 941, 818, 683 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH:HCl 1:1; pH = 1): λ_{max} (log ϵ) 491 (4.43), 279 (4.25) nm. ¹H NMR (CD₃CN/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 6.74 (d, 1, J = 1.9 Hz, H-6(A)), 6.99 (d, 1, J = 1.9 Hz, H-8(A)), 7.07 (d, 1, J = 8.5 Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.77 (d, 1, J = 2.3 Hz, H-2'(B)), 7.86 (dd, 1, J = 8.5 Hz, J = 2.3 Hz, H-6'(B)), 8.03 (d, 1, J = 8.9 Hz, H-3(C)), 8.99 (d, 1, J = 8.9 Hz, H-4(C)). ¹³C NMR (CD₃CN/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 96.0 (C-8(A)), 103.2 (C-6(A)), 110.5 (C-3(C)), 113.1 (C-10(A)), 115.6 (C-2'(B)), 117.8 (C-5'(B)), 121.2 (C-1'(B)), 125.2 (C-6'(B)), 147.5 (C-3'(B)), 148.6 (C-4(C)), 155.6 (C-4'(B)), 159.1 (C-9(A)), 159.8 (C-5(A)), 171.5 (C-7(A)), 173.9 (C-2(C)). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁O₅ 271.0601, found 271.0601.

3',4',7-Trihydroxyflavylium hydrogensulfate (15). Melting point: 215 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3059, 1632, 1593, 1504, 1344, 1313, 1209, 1146, 1015, 849, 750, 687 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH:HCl 1:1; pH = 1): λ_{\max} (log ε): 477 (4.65), 271 (4.25) nm. ¹H NMR (CD₃OD/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 6.99 (d, 1, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.34 (dd, 1, *J* = 8.8 Hz, *J* = 2.2 Hz, H-6(A)), 7.44 (d, 1, *J* = 2.2 Hz, H-8(A)), 7.74 (d, 1, *J* = 2.1 Hz, H-2'(B)), 7.89 (dd, 1, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H-6'(B)), 8.06 (d, 1, *J* = 8.8 Hz, H-5(A)), 8.15 (d, 1, *J* = 8.7 Hz, H-3(C)), 8.94 (d, 1, *J* = 8.7 Hz, H-4(C)). ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 103.7 (C-8(A)), 113.6 (C-3(C)), 116.2 (C-5'(B)), 118.0 (C-2'(B)), 119.7 (C-10(A)), 121.5 (C-1'(B)), 122.1 (C-6(A)), 126.4 (C-6'(B)), 133.8 (C-5(A)), 148.1 (C-3'(B)), 153.8 (C-4(C)), 157.0 (C-4'(B)), 159.8 (C-9(A)), 169.8 (C-7(A)), 173.2 (C-2(C)). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* [M]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁O₄ 255.0652, found 255.0651.

6-Nitro-3',4'-dihydroxyflavylium hydrogensulfate (16). Melting point: 130 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3381, 3105, 1593, 1504, 1445, 1337, 1205, 1086, 926, 881, 812, 744, 681 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH:HCl 1:1; pH = 1): λ_{\max} (log ε) 486 (3.52), 275 (4.32) nm. ¹H NMR (CD₃CN/DCl, pD ≈ 1.0): δ 7.24[#] (d, 1, *J* = 8.6 Hz, H-5'(B)), 8.08* (br s, 1, H-2'(B)), 8.23[&] (br d, 1, *J* = 8.6 Hz, H-6'(B)), 8.34 (d, 1, *J* = 9.2 Hz, H-3(C)), 8.53[#] (d, 1, *J* = 9.3 Hz, H-8(A)), 8.87[&] (br d, 1, *J* = 9.3 Hz, H-7(A)), 9.05* (br s, 1, H-5(A)), 9.13 (d, 1, *J* = 9.2 Hz, H-4(C)) (*,[&],[#]these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* [M]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₅H₁₀NO₅ 284.0559, found 284.0554.

3-Chloro-3',4'-dihydroxyflavylium chloride (17). Melting point: 220 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3071, 1672, 1589, 1489, 1410, 1298, 1194, 1148, 991, 872, 824, 756 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH:HCl 1:1; pH = 1): λ_{\max} (log ε) 469 (3.07), 277 (4.20)

nm. ^1H NMR ($\text{CD}_3\text{CN}/\text{DCl}$, pD \approx 1.0): δ 7.23 (d, 1, J = 8.7 Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.91 (t, 1, J = 7.4 Hz, H-6(A)), 8.17 (m, 5, H-5(A), H-7(A), H-8(A), H-2'(B), H-6'(B)), 9.41 (s, 1, H-4(C)). ^{13}C NMR ($\text{CD}_3\text{CN}/\text{DCl}$, pD \approx 1.0): δ 116.1 (C-5'(B)), 118.0^{*} (C-8(A)), 118.0^{*} (C-6'(B)), 119.5 (C-1'(B)), 122.5 (C-10(A)), 125.3 (C-3(C)), 128.4^{*} (C-2'(B)), 129.0 (C-5(A)), 129.9 (C-6(A)), 138.9 (C-7(A)), 144.8 (C-3'(B)), 154.4 (C-9(A)), 154.5 (C-4(C)), 155.0 (C-4'(B)), 170.9 (C-2(C)) (*these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M]⁺ Calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{ClO}_3$ 273.0318, found 273.0314.

2-(3',4'-Dihydroxyphenyl)chromane-(4 \rightarrow 8,2 \rightarrow O-7)-catechin (Analogue 1). IR (ATR): ν 3346, 1610, 1520, 1439, 1286, 1231, 1105, 1055, 907, 866, 818, 756 cm^{-1} . UV-Vis (MeOH): λ_{max} (log ϵ) 280 (3.62) nm. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): major diastereoisomer δ 2.13 (m, 2, H-3(C)), 2.50[#] (m, 1, H-4 β (F)), 2.84[#] (m, 1, H-4 α (F)), 3.93 (m, 1, H-3(F)), 4.23 (t, 1, J = 2.6 Hz, H-4(C)), 4.67 (d, 1, J = 7.4 Hz, H-2(F)), 6.03 (s, 1, H-6(D)), 6.80 (m, 5, H-6 (A), H-8 (A), H-5'(B), H-5'(E), H-6' (E)), 6.95 (m, 2, H-2'(E), H-6'(B)), 7.03 (dt, 1, J = 4.8 Hz, H-7(A)), 7.06 (m, 1, H-2'(B)), 7.21 (dd, 1, J = 7.6 Hz, J = 1.6 Hz, H-5(A)). ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD): major diastereoisomer δ 28.1 (C-4(C)), 28.5 (C-4(F)), 34.8 (C-3(C)), 68.7 (C-3(F)), 83.5 (C-2(F)), 96.2 (C-6(D)), 99.9 (C-2(C)), 102.3 (C-10(D)), 106.8 (C-8(D)), 114.2 (C-2'(B)), 115.5[&] (C-2'(E)), 115.9^{*} (C-5'(B)), 116.0^{*} (C-6(A)), 116.7^{*} (C-5'(E)), 118.3[&] (C-6'(B)), 120.3 (C-6'(E)), 121.9^{*} (C-8(A)), 128.3 (C-7(A)), 129.0 (C-10(A)), 129.1 (C-5(A)), 132.2 (C-1'(E)), 135.1 (C-1'(B)), 145.9 (C-3'(E)), 146.3 (C-4'(E)), 146.4 (C-3'(B)), 146.6 (C-4'(B)), 152.2 (C-7(D)), 152.5 (C-9(D)), 153.8 (C-9(A)), 155.7 (C-5(D)) (*,&,#these signals maybe interchanged). ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): minor diastereoisomer δ 2.13 (m, 2, H-3(C)), 2.50[#] (m, 1, H-4 β (F)), 2.84[#] (m, 1, H-4 α (F)), 3.93 (m, 1, H-3(F)), 4.28 (t, 1, J = 2.6 Hz, H-4(C)), 4.55 (d, 1, J = 7.4 Hz, H-2(F)), 6.02 (s, 1, H-6(D)), 6.80 (m, 5, H-6 (A), H-8 (A),

H-5'(B), H-5'(E), H-6' (E)), 6.95 (m, 2, H-2'(E), H-6'(B)), 7.03 (dt, 1, J = 4.8 Hz, H-7(A)), 7.06 (m, 1, H-2'(B)), 7.12 (dd, 1, J = 7.6 Hz, J = 1.6 Hz, H-5(A)). ^{13}C NMR (CD₃OD): minor diastereoisomer δ 28.1 (C-4(C)), 29.2 (C-4(F)), 34.7 (C-3(C)), 68.7 (C-3(F)), 82.9 (C-2(F)), 96.3 (C-6(D)), 99.9 (C-2(C)), 102.7 (C-10(D)), 107.0 (C-8(D)), 114.2 (C-2'(B)), 115.5[&] (C-2'(E)), 115.9^{*} (C-5'(B)), 116.2 (C-6(A)), 116.7^{*} (C-5'(E)), 118.3[&] (C-6'(B)), 120.2 (C-6'(E)), 121.9^{*} (C-8(A)), 128.2 (C-7(A)), 128.5 (C-5(A)), 129.2 (C-10(A)), 132.1 (C-1'(E)), 135.1 (C-1'(B)), 145.9 (C-3'(E)), 146.3 (C-4'(E)), 146.4 (C-3'(B)), 146.6 (C-4'(B)), 152.1 (C-7(D)), 152.7 (C-9(D)), 153.7 (C-9(A)), 155.7 (C-5(D)) (*,&,#these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M + H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₀H₂₄O₉ 529.1420, found 529.1422.

2-(3',4'-Dihydroxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydroxychromane-(4→4",2→O-5")-phloroglucinol (Analogue 2). IR (ATR): ν 3329, 1610, 1475, 1294, 1130, 1082, 1007, 887, 820 cm⁻¹. UV-Vis (MeOH): λ_{max} ($\log \varepsilon$) 280 (3.02) nm. ^1H NMR (CD₃OD): δ 2.12 (d, 2, J = 3.3 Hz, H-3(C)), 4.25 (t, 1, J = 3.3 Hz, H-4(C)), 5.94^{*} (d, 2, J = 2.3 Hz, H-2"(D), H-6"(D)), 5.97^{*} (d, 2, J = 2.3 Hz, H-6(A), H-8(A)), 6.76 (d, 1, J = 8.3 Hz, H-5'(B)), 6.94 (dd, 1, J = 8.3 Hz, J = 2.1 Hz, H-6'(B)), 7.07 (d, 1, J = 2.1 Hz, H-2'(B)). ^{13}C NMR (CD₃OD): δ 21.8 (C-4(C)), 34.9 (C-3(C)), 96.7^{*} (C-6"(D), C-2"(D)), 97.1^{*} (C-8(A), C-6(A)), 99.8 (C-2(C)), 107.8 (C-10(A), C-4"(D)), 114.3 (C-2'(B)), 115.9 (C-5'(B)), 118.4 (C-6'(B)), 135.0 (C-1'(B)), 145.9 (C-3'(B)), 146.7 (C-4'(B)), 154.5[&] (C-9(A)), 154.7[&] (C-5"(D)), 158.2[&] (C-1"(D), C-3"(D), C-5(A), C-7(A)) (*,&#these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M + H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₁H₁₆O₈ 397.0845 found 397.0847.

2-(3',4'-Dihydroxyphenyl)-7-hydroxychromane-(4→4'',2→O-5'')-phloroglucinol
(Analogue 3). IR (ATR): ν 3375, 2933, 1697, 1614, 1504, 1441, 1298, 1113, 1070, 1026, 972, 818 cm^{-1} . UV-Vis (MeOH): λ_{\max} ($\log \varepsilon$) 280 (3.72) nm. ^1H NMR (CD_3CN): δ 2.22 (d, 2, $J = 2.8$ Hz, H-3(C)), 4.27 (d, 1, $J = 2.8$ Hz, H-4(C)), 5.97 (s, 2, H-2''(D), H-6''(D)), 6.40 (m, 2, H-6(A), H-8(A)), 6.87 (d, 1, $J = 8.3$ Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.06 (dd, $J = 8.3$ Hz, $J = 1.9$ Hz, 1H, H-6'(B)), 7.17 (m, 2, H-2'(B), H-5(A)). ^{13}C NMR (CD_3CN): δ 25.4 (C-4(C)), 33.0 (C-3(C)), 94.4^{*} (C-6''(D)), 95.3^{*} (C-2''(D)), 98.2 (C-2(C)), 102.4 (C-8 (A)), 106.2 (C-4''(D)), 107.9 (C-6(A)), 112.7 (C-2'(B)), 114.5 (C-5'(B)), 117.1 (C-6'(B)), 118.9 (C-10(A)), 127.8 (C-5(A)), 133.6 (C-1'(B)), 143.4 (C-3'(B)), 144.7 (C-4'(B)), 152.6 (C-5''(D)), 152.8 (C-9(A)), 153.5 (C-3''(D)), 156.1 (C-1''(D)), 156.1 (C-7(A)) (*these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M + H]⁺ Calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_7$ 381.0896, found 381.0890.

2-(3',4'-Dihydroxyphenyl)-6-nitrochromane-(4→4'',2→O-5'')-phloroglucinol
(Analogue 4). Melting point: 180 °C (decomposes). IR (ATR): ν 3325, 1610, 1510, 1479, 1437, 1335, 1252, 1126, 1088, 1067, 1007, 897, 818, 746 cm^{-1} . UV-Vis (MeOH): λ_{\max} ($\log \varepsilon$) 313 (4.01), 287 (4.07) nm. ^1H NMR (CD_3CN): δ 2.36 (m, 2, H-3(C)), 4.49 (br s, 1, H-4(C)), 6.02 (s, 2, H-2''(D), H-6''(D)), 6.91 (d, 1, $J = 7.6$ Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.09 (m, 2, H-6'(B), H-8(A)), 7.17 (br s, 1, H-2'(B)), 8.02 (br d, 1, $J = 8.2$ Hz, H-7(A)), 8.24 (br s, 1, H-5(A)). ^{13}C NMR (CD_3CN): δ 26.1 (C-4(C)), 31.6 (C-3(C)), 94.6^{*} (C-2''(D)), 95.7^{*} (C-6''(D)), 99.9 (C-2(C)), 104.2 (C-4''(D)), 112.7 (C-2'(B)), 114.6 (C-5'(B)), 116.4 (C-8(A)), 117.1 (C-6'(B)), 122.9 (C-5(A)), 123.3 (C-7(A)), 128.5 (C-10(A)), 132.2 (C-1'(B)), 141.1 (C-6(A)), 144.1 (C-3'(B)), 145.0 (C-4'(B)), 152.4[&] (C-5''(D)), 154.4[&] (C-3''(D)), 156.8 (C-1''(D)), 157.7 (C-9(A)) (*,&these signals may be interchanged). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M + H]⁺ Calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_8$ 410.0798, found 410.0793.

3-Chloro-2-(3',4'-dihydroxyphenyl)chromane-(4→4",2→O-5")-phloroglucinol

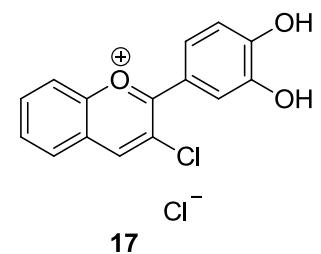
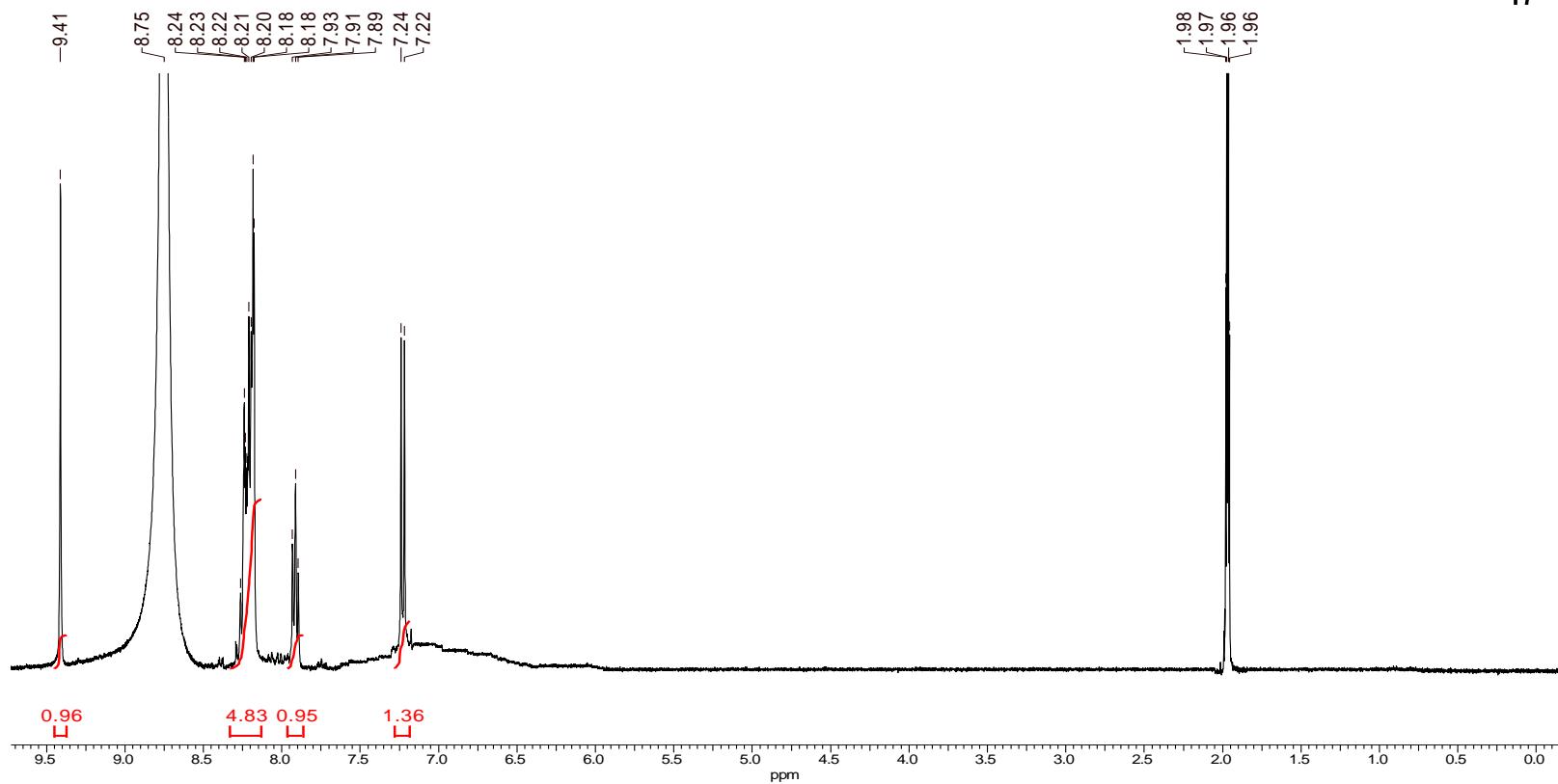
(Analogue 5). IR (ATR): ν 3329, 1609, 1516, 1483, 1462, 1308, 1229, 1204, 1140, 1117, 1067, 1003, 964, 883, 839, 822, 754 cm^{-1} . UV-Vis (MeOH): λ_{\max} (log ϵ) 280 (3.88) nm. ^1H NMR (CD_3OD): δ 4.48 (d, 1, $J = 3.1$ Hz, H-4(C)), 4.54 (d, 1, $J = 3.1$ Hz, H-3(C)), 6.78 (d, 1, $J = 8.3$ Hz, H-5'(B)), 6.81 (dd, 1, $J = 8.0$ Hz, $J = 1.2$ Hz, H-8(A)), 6.83 (dt, 1, $J = 7.4$ Hz, $J = 1.2$ Hz, H-6(A)), 6.98 (dd, 1, $J = 8.3$ Hz, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-6'(B)), 7.04 (ddd, 1, $J = 8.0$ Hz, $J = 7.4$ Hz, $J = 1.7$ Hz, H-7(A)), 7.11 (d, 1, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-2'(B)), 7.34 (dd, 1, $J = 7.4$ Hz, $J = 1.7$ Hz, H-5(A)). ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD): δ 37.2 (C-4(C)), 57.4 (C-3(C)), 100.0 (C-2(C)), 103.6 (C-4"(D)), 115.5 (C-2'(B)), 115.6 (C-5'(B)), 116.5 (C-8(A)), 119.8 (C-6'(B)), 122.4 (C-6(A)), 128.3 (C-10(A)), 128.7 (C-5(A)), 129.0 (C-7(A)), 131.9 (C-1'(B)), 145.6 (C-3'(B)), 147.0 (C-4'(B)), 152.9 (C-9(A)), 153.6 (C-5"(D)), 157.2 (C-3"(D)), 158.3 (C-1"(D)). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z [M + H] $^+$ Calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{15}\text{ClO}_6$ 399.0557, found 399.0554.

3-Chloro-2-(3',4'-diacetoxyphenyl)chromane-(4→4",2→O-5")-1,3-diacetylphloroglucinol (Analogue 6). ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 2.24 (s, 3, OAc), 2.30 (s, 3, OAc), 2.31 (s, 3, OAc), 2.46 (s, 3, OAc), 4.48 (d, 1, $J = 3.1$ Hz, H-4(C)), 4.50 (d, 1, $J = 3.1$ Hz, H-3(C)), 6.74^{*} (d, 1, $J = 2.3$ Hz, H-2"(D)), 6.81^{*} (d, 1, $J = 2.3$ Hz, H-6"(D)), 6.97 (m, 2, H-6(A), H-7(A)), 7.18 (br d, 2, $J = 8.0$ Hz, H-5(A), H-8(A)), 7.29 (d, 1, $J = 8.3$ Hz, H-5'(B)), 7.56 (d, 1, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-2'(B)), 7.60 (dd, 1, $J = 8.3$ Hz, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-6'(B)). ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3): δ 20.6 (OAc), 20.7 (OAc), 21.1 (OAc), 21.3 (OAc), 36.8 (C-4(C)), 54.3 (C-3(C)), 98.3 (C-2(C)), 107.7[&] (C-2"(D)), 109.9[&] (C-6"(D)), 112.4 (C-4"(D)), 116.6[#] (C-6(A)), 122.3 (C-2'(B)), 122.7[#] (C-7(A)), 124.3 (C-10(A)), 125.3 (C-6'(B)), 127.1^{^{\wedge}} (C-5(A)), 129.2^{^{\wedge}} (C-8(A)), 136.3 (C-1'(B)), 141.7 (C-3'(B)), 143.0 (C-

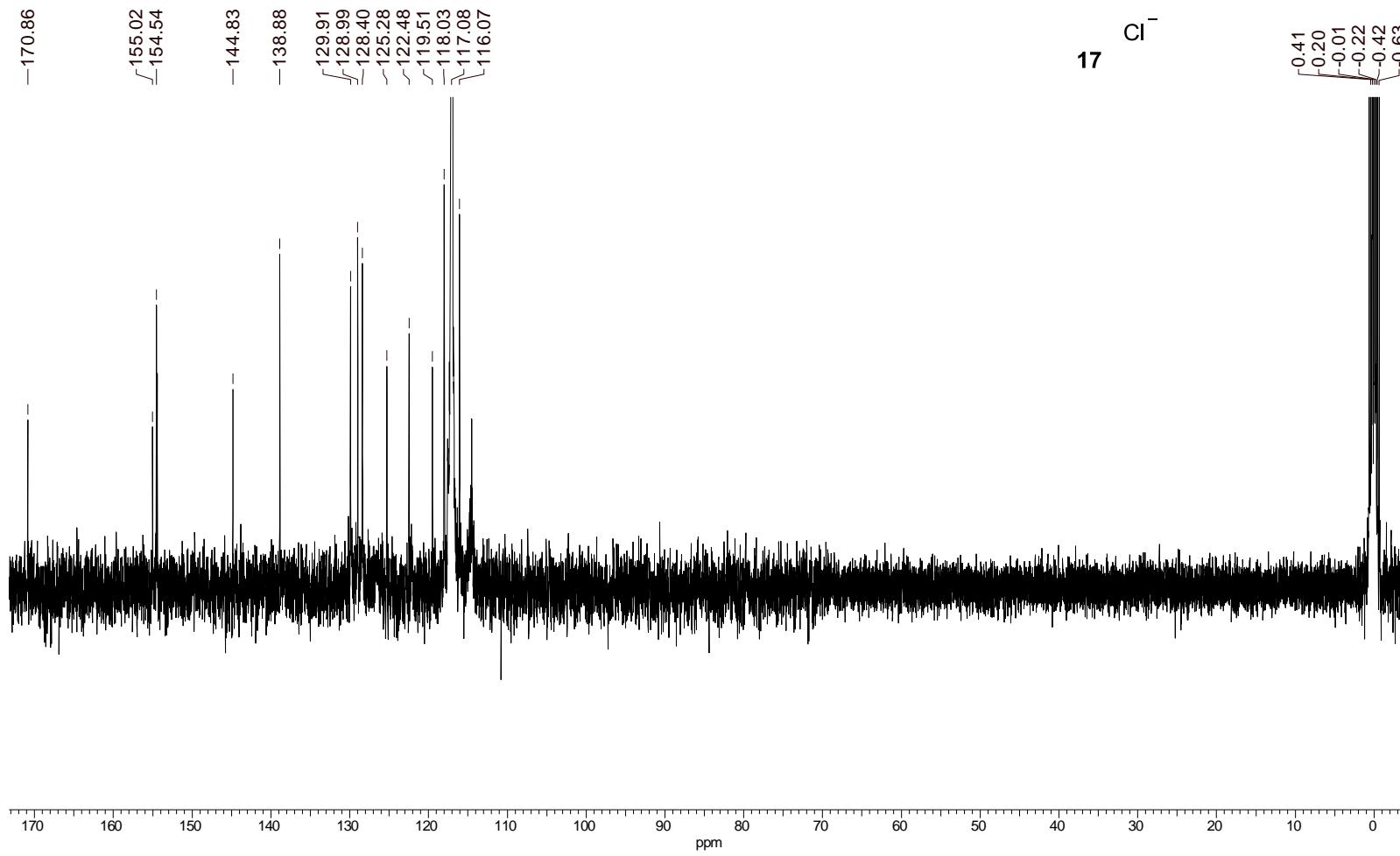
4'(B)), 148.6^{\$} (C-1"(D)), 149.9^{\$} (C-3"(D)), 151.1 (C-9(A)), 151.4^{\$} (C-5"(D)), 167.9 (OAc), 168.0 (2×OAc), 169.7 (OAc) (*,&,#,[^],\$these signals may be interchanged).

S2. ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra of the new compounds and those biologically evaluated.

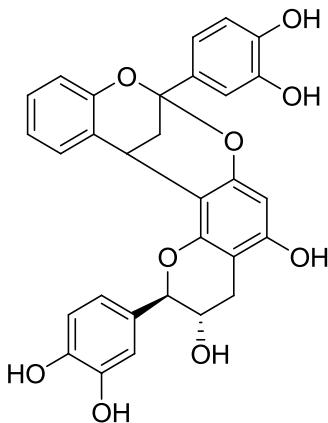
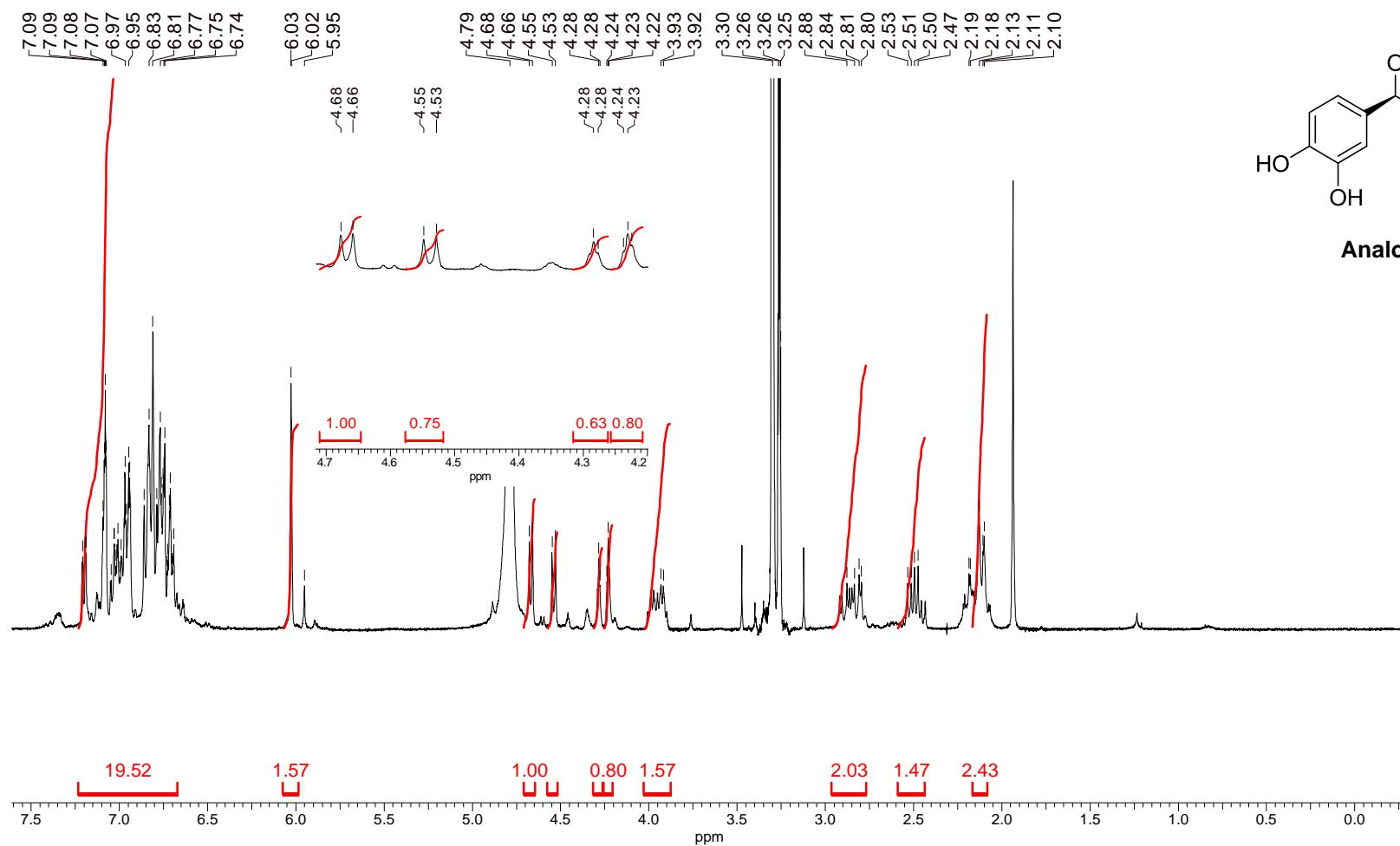
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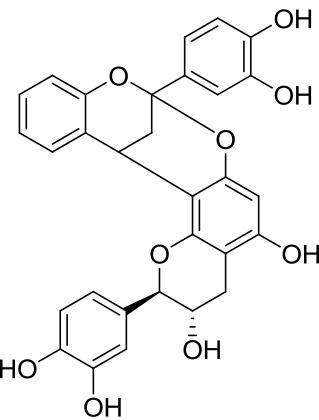
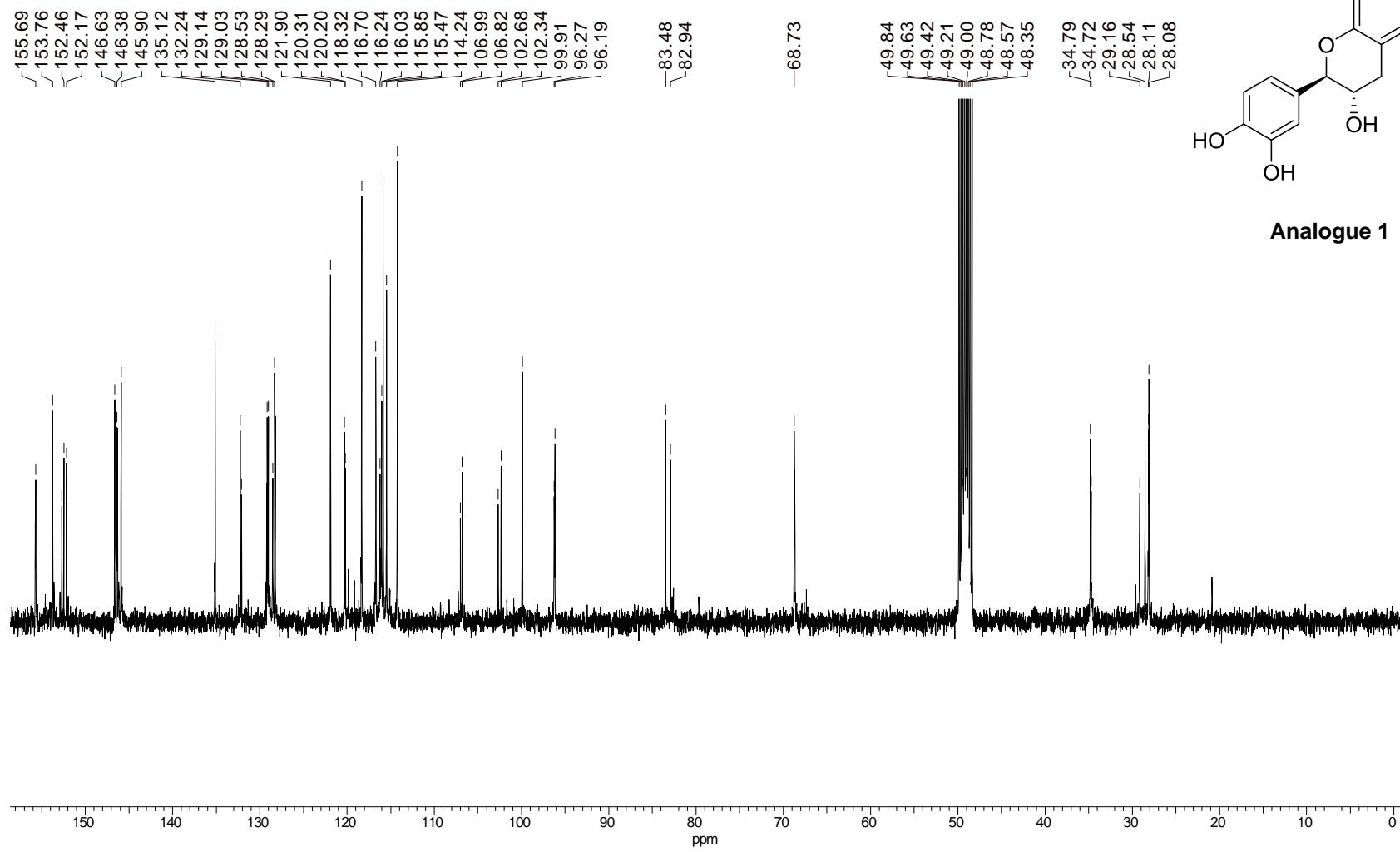


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD)



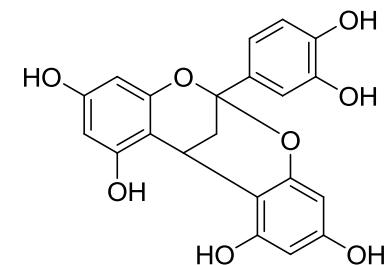
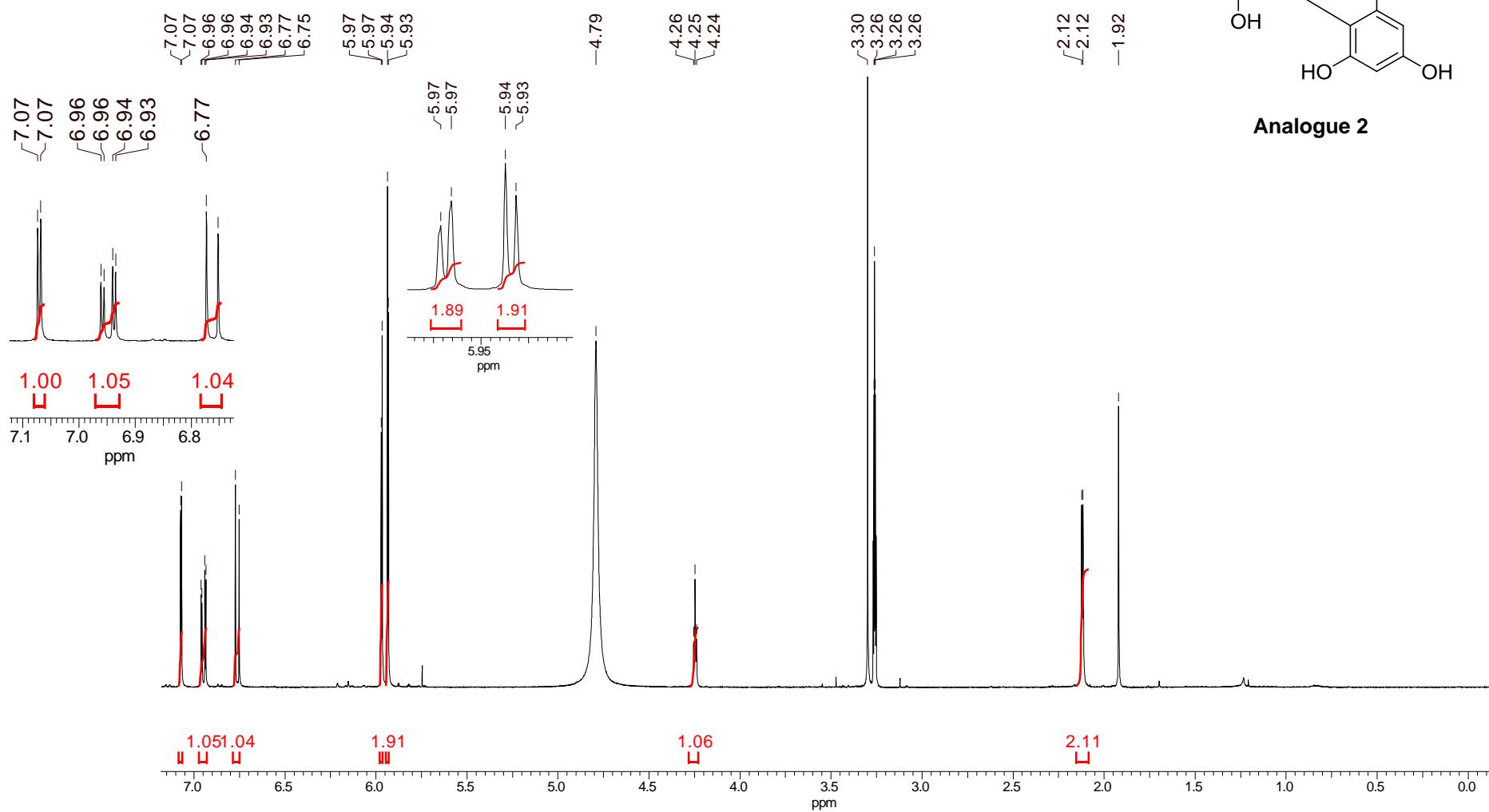
Analogue 1

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD)



Analogue 1

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD)



Analogue 2

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD)

~158.18
~154.70
~154.54
~146.70
~145.93

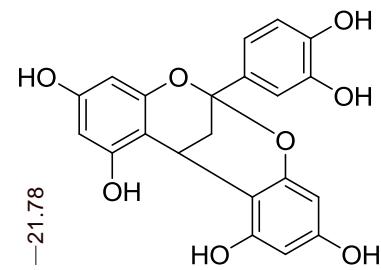
-135.04

~118.36
~115.86
~114.28
-107.84

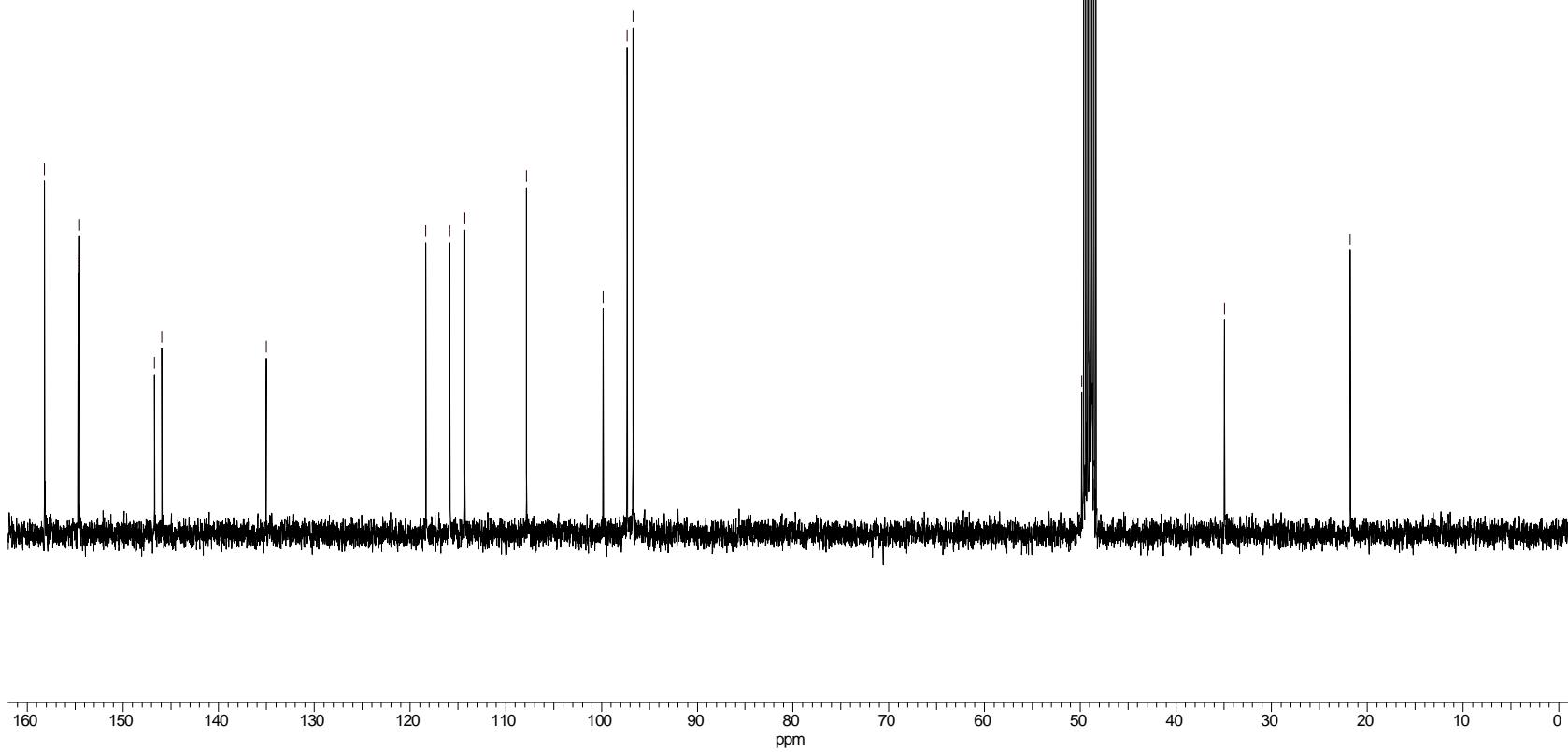
99.84
97.34
96.72

49.64
49.42
49.21
49.14
49.00
48.79
48.58
48.36

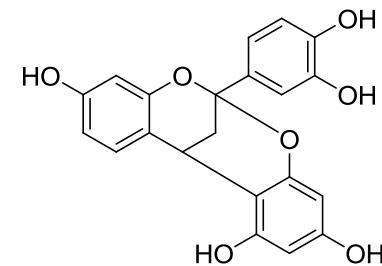
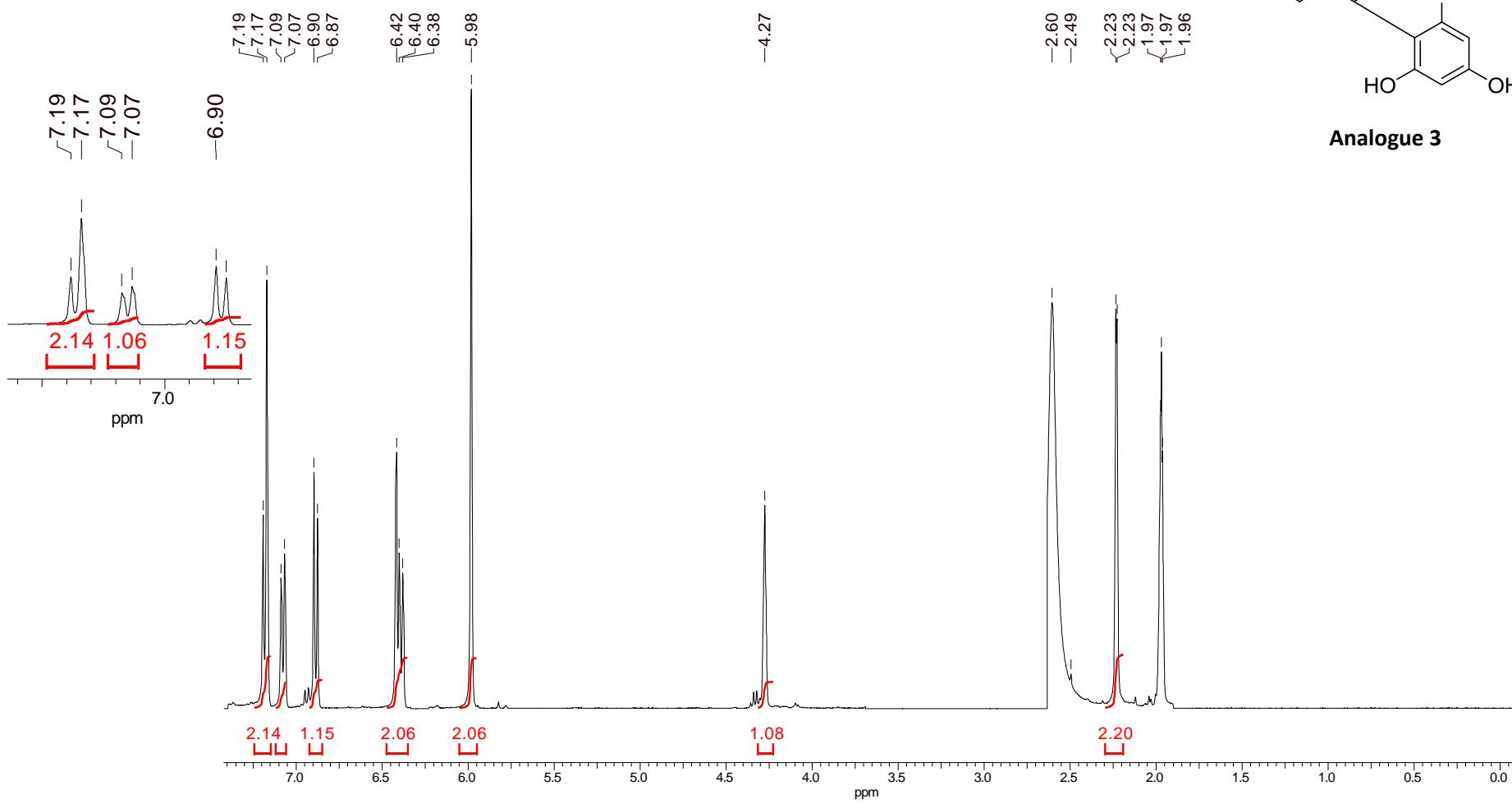
-34.92



Analogue 2

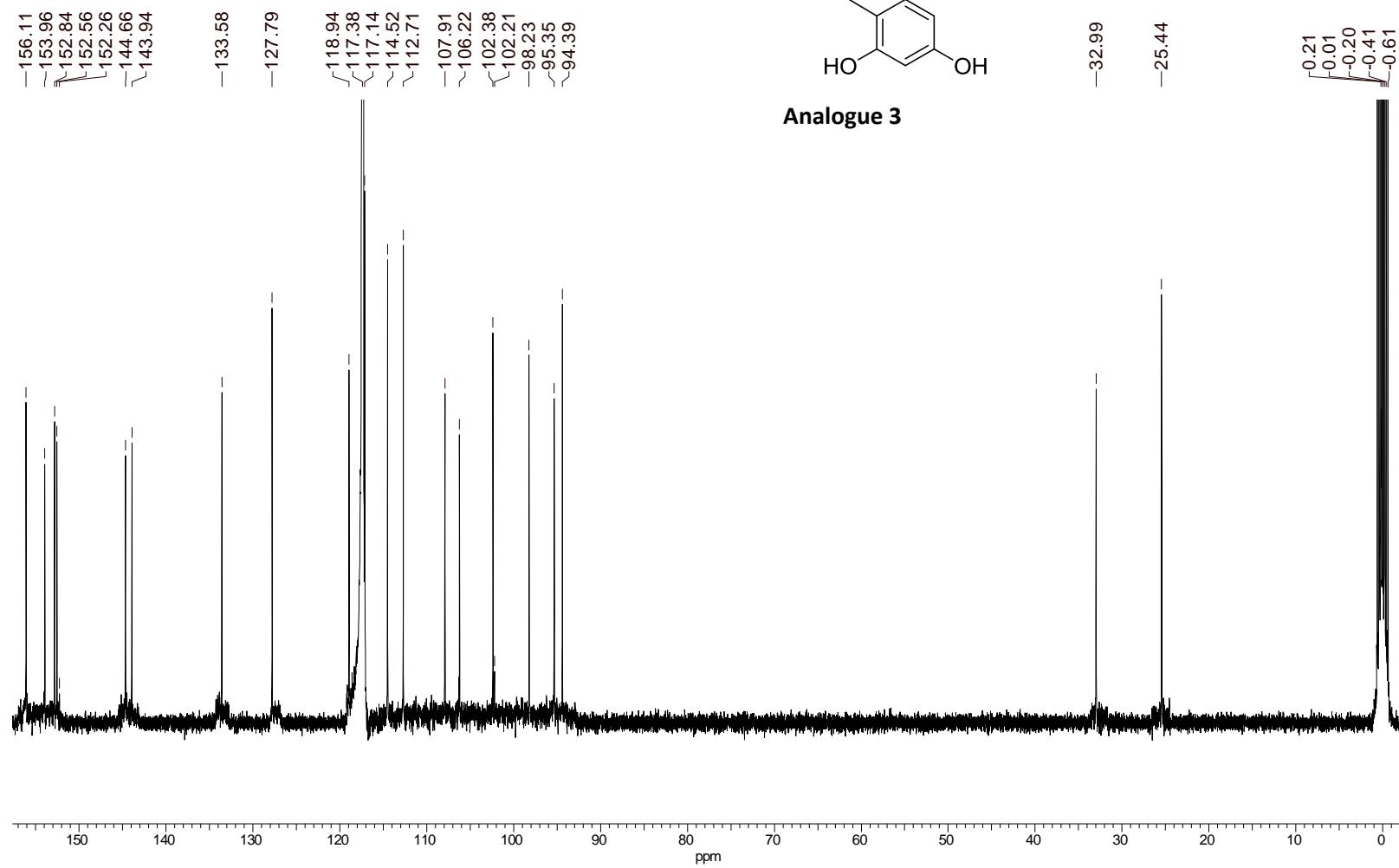


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN)



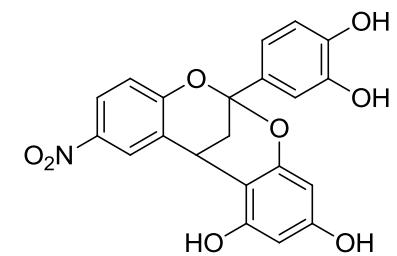
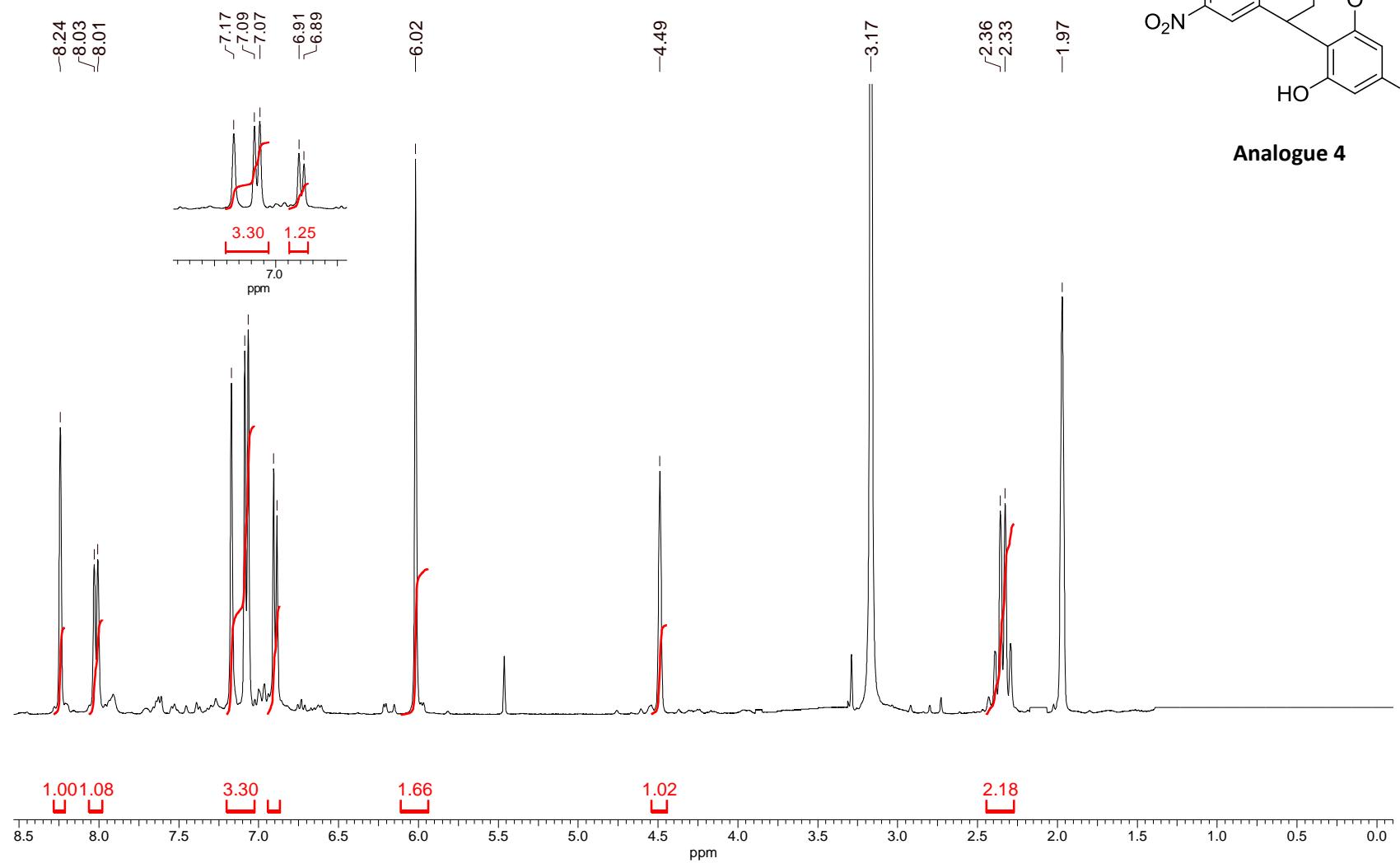
Analogue 3

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN)



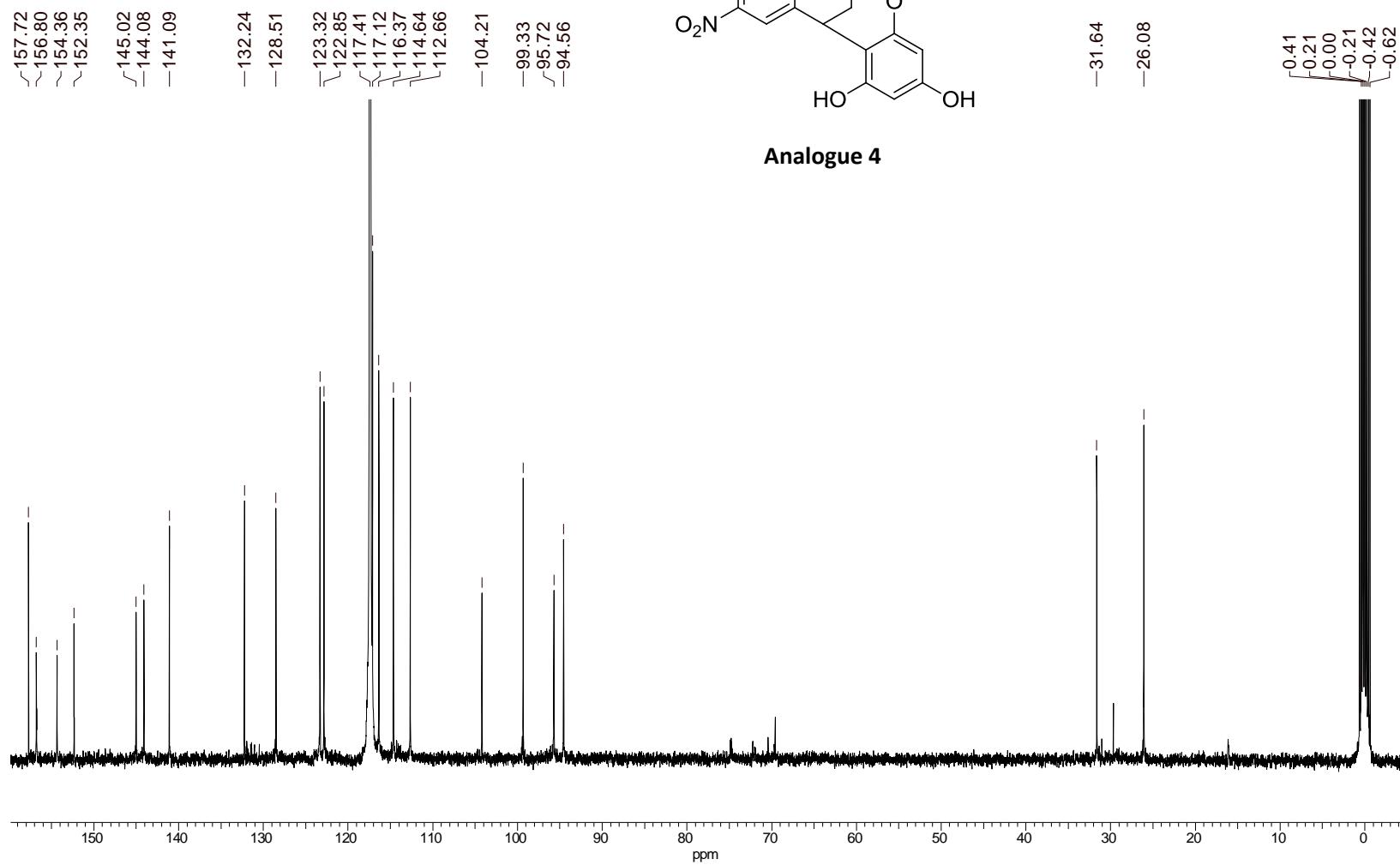
Analogue 3

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃CN)



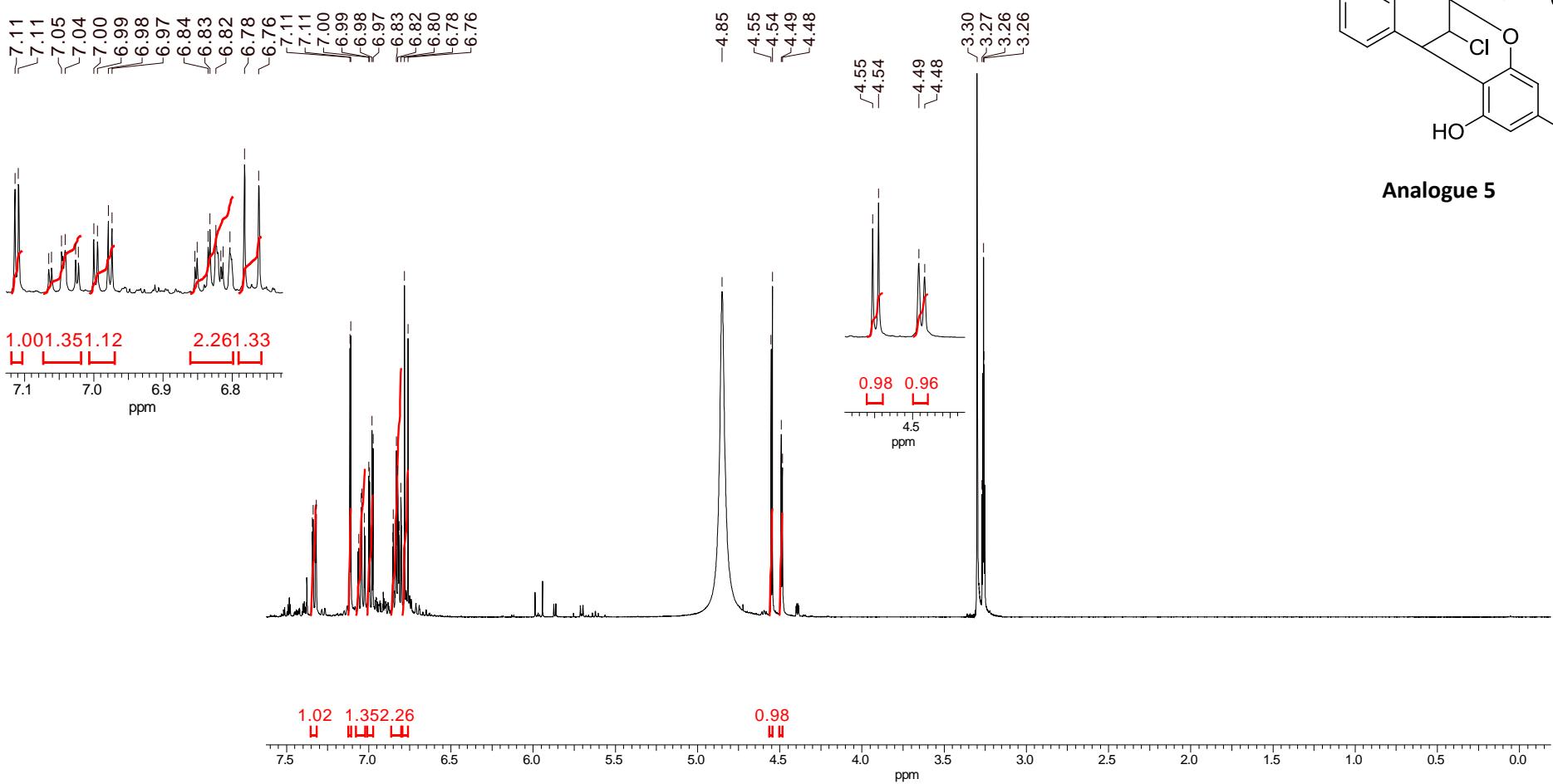
Analogue 4

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃CN)

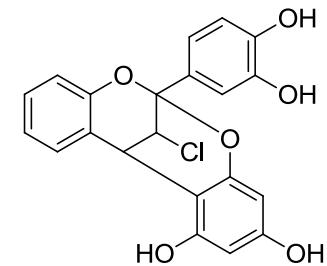
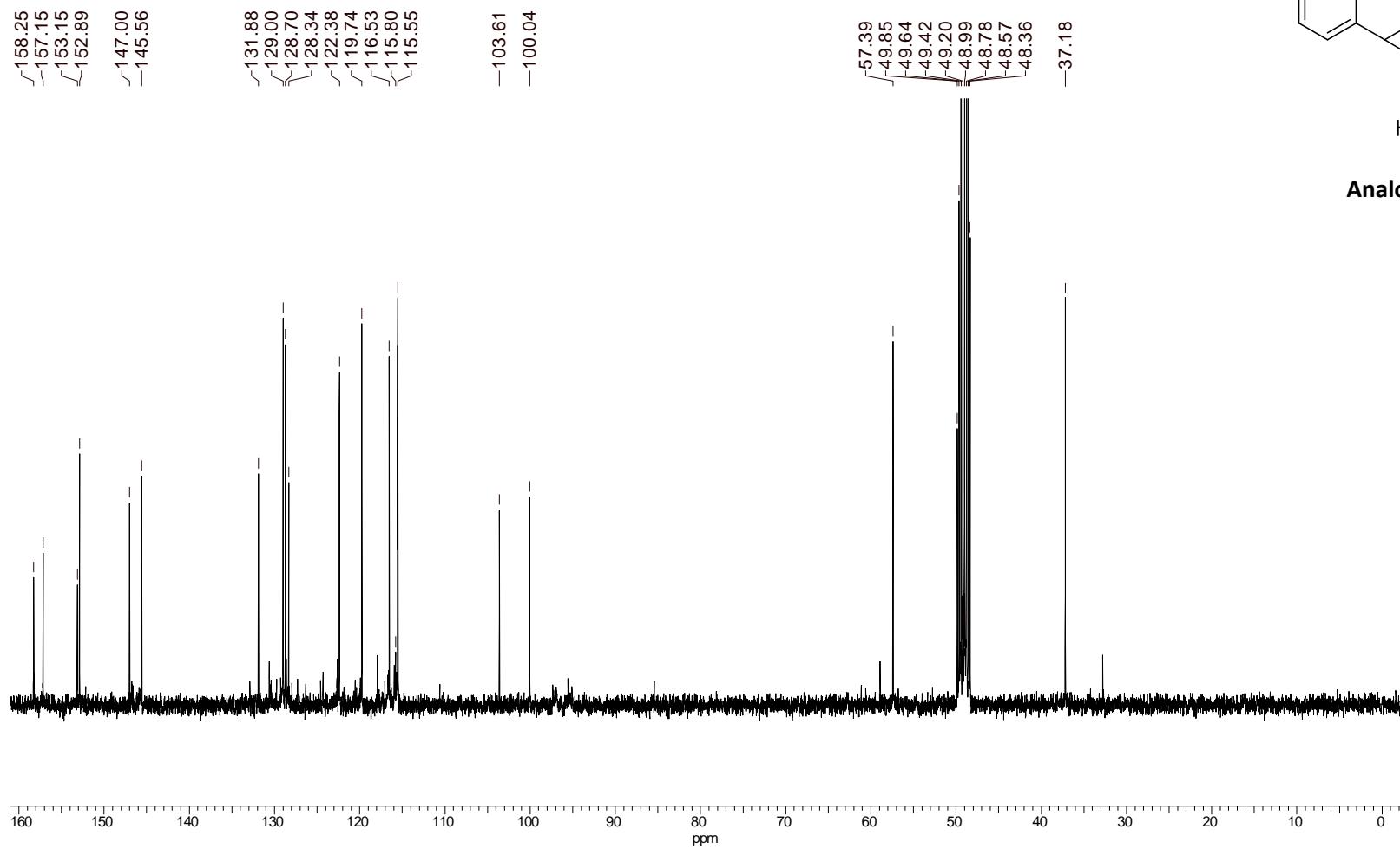


Analogue 4

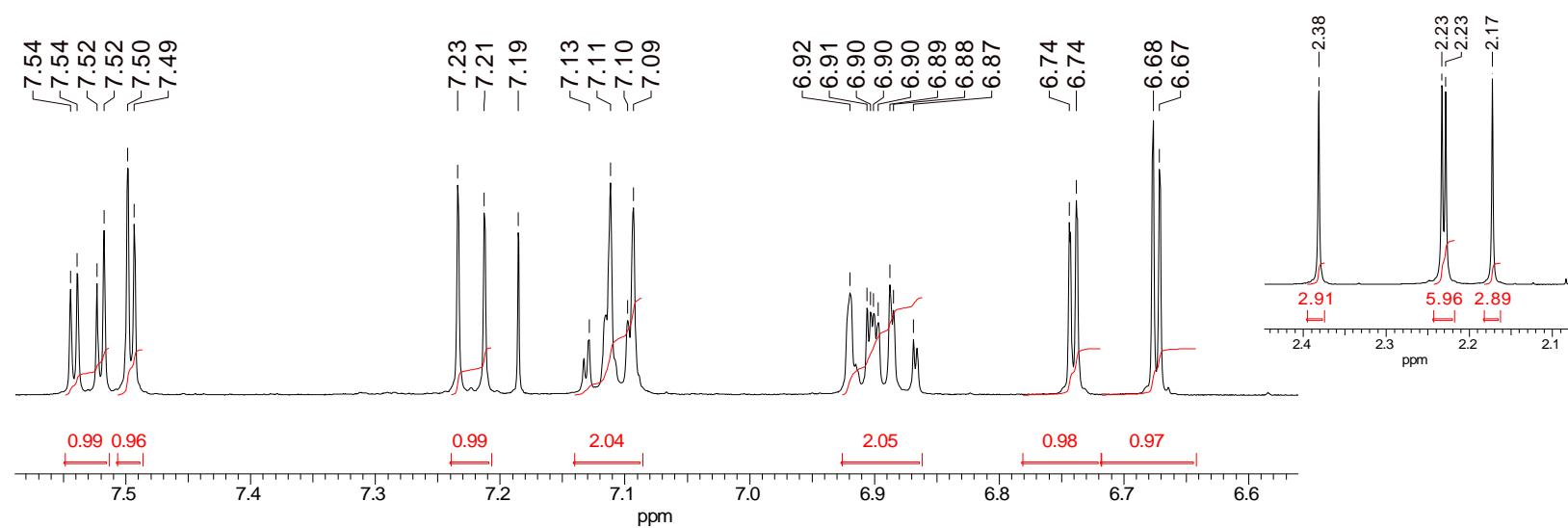
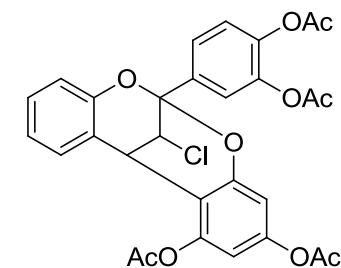
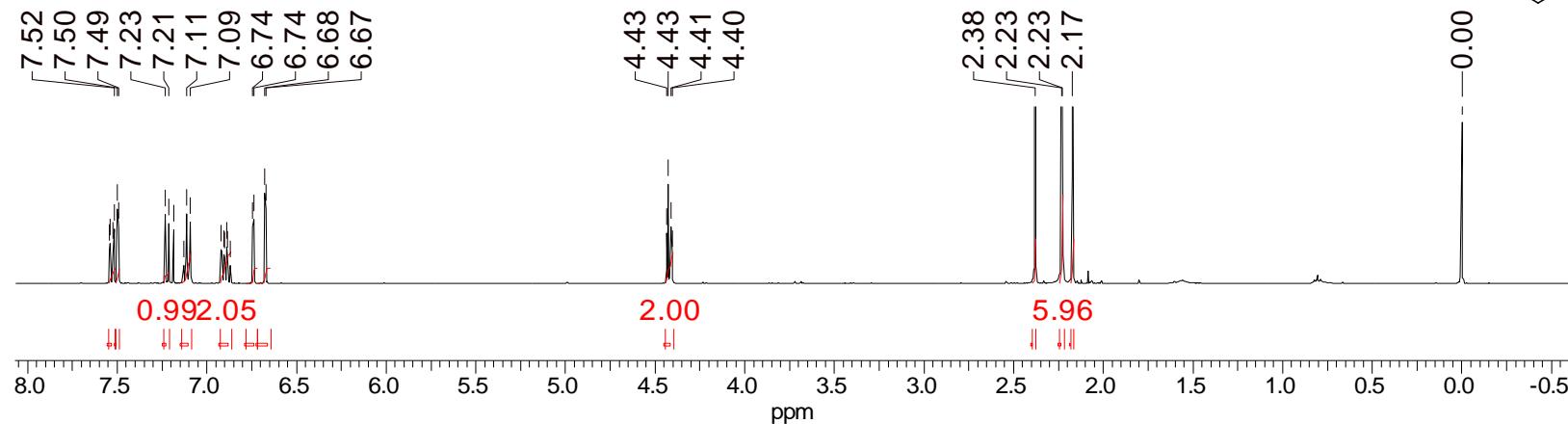
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD)



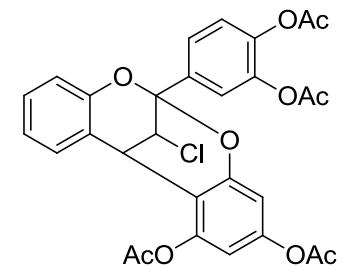
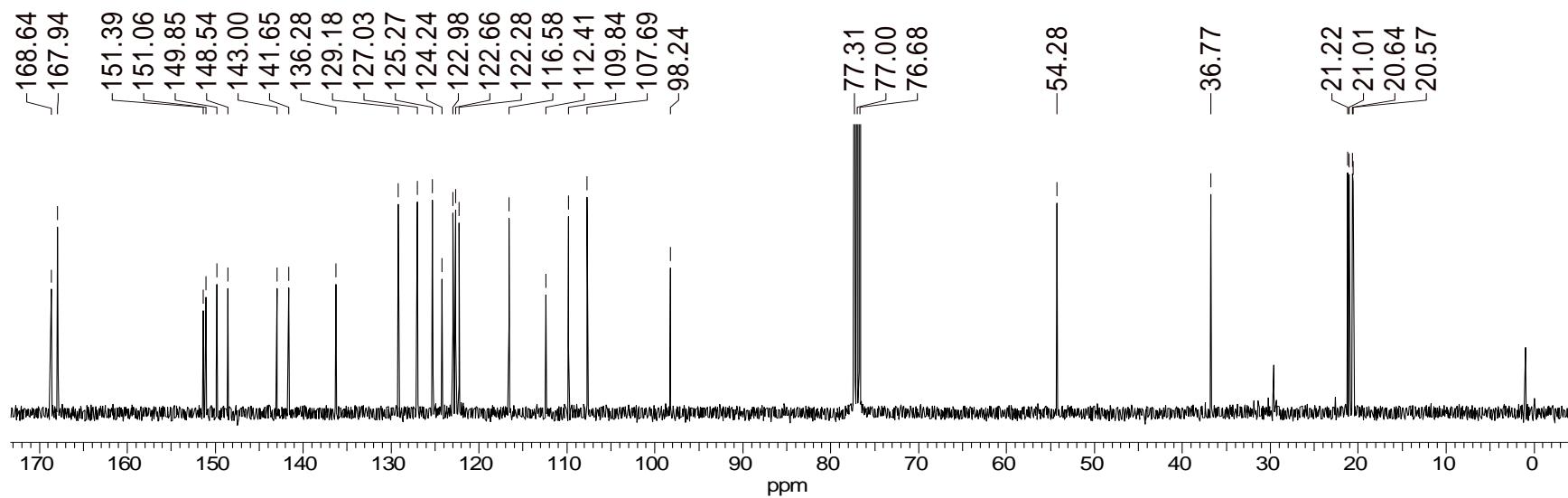
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD)



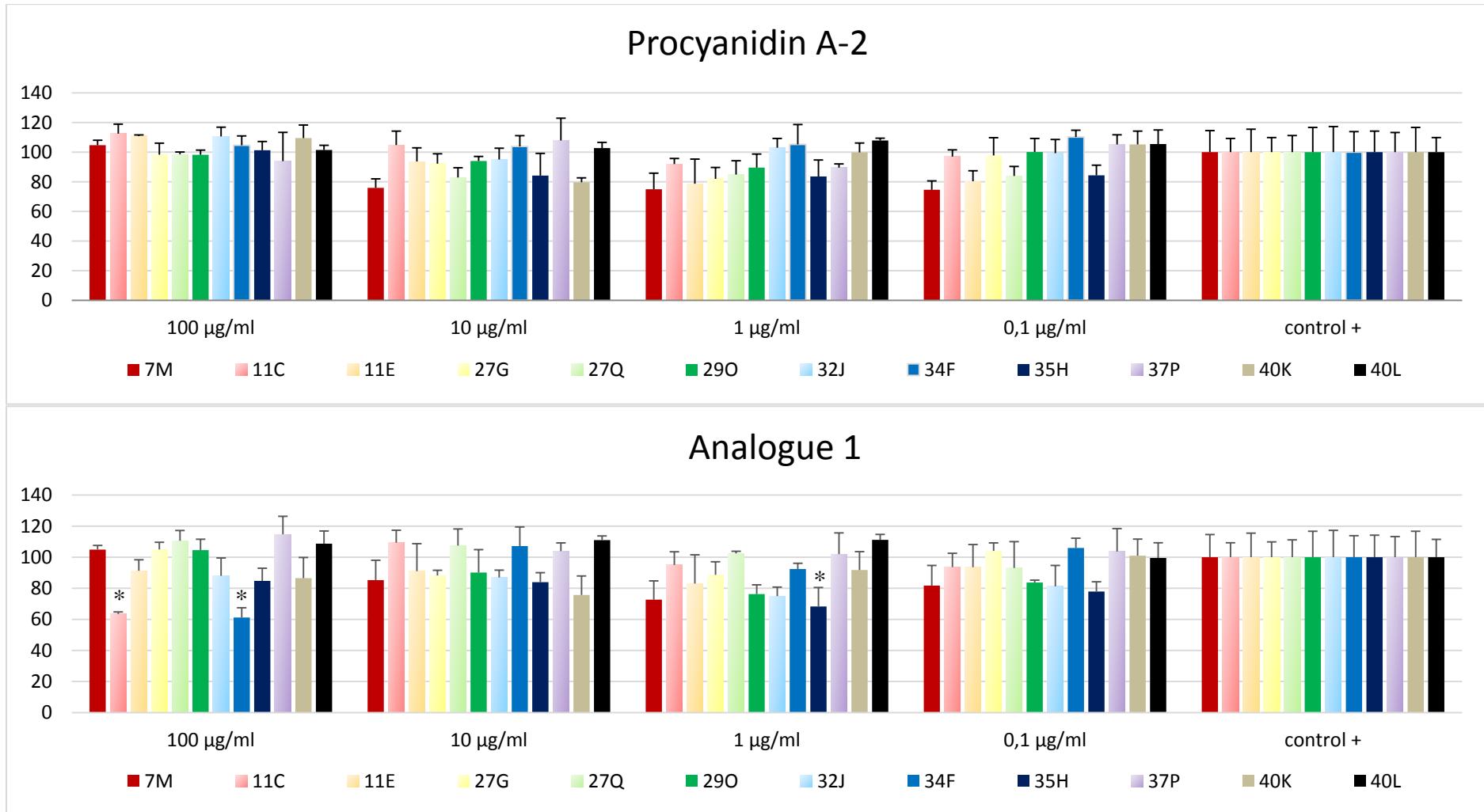
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

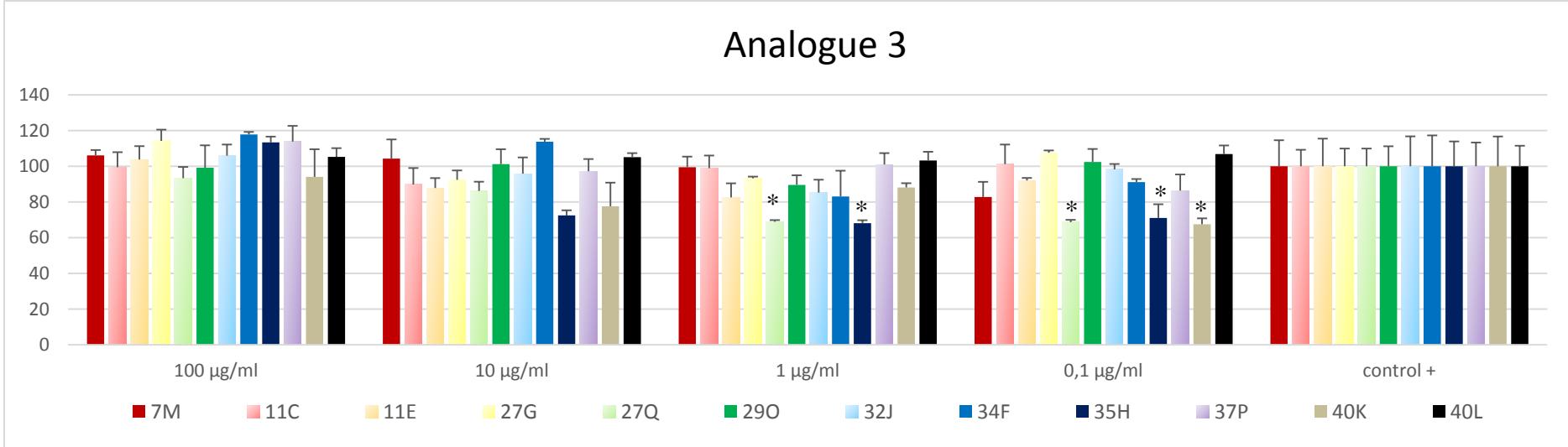
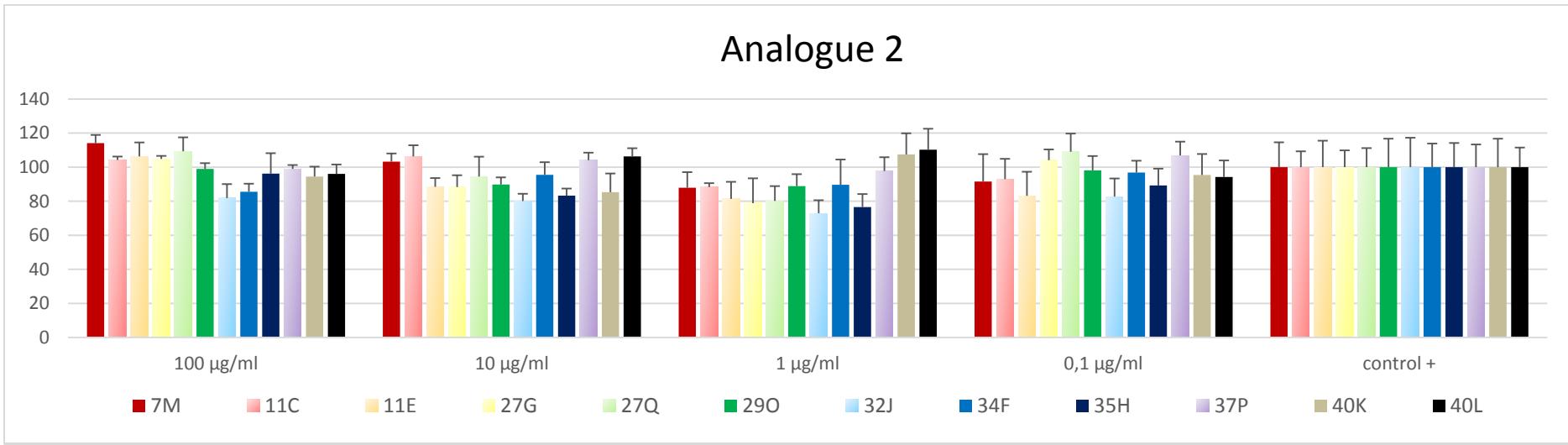


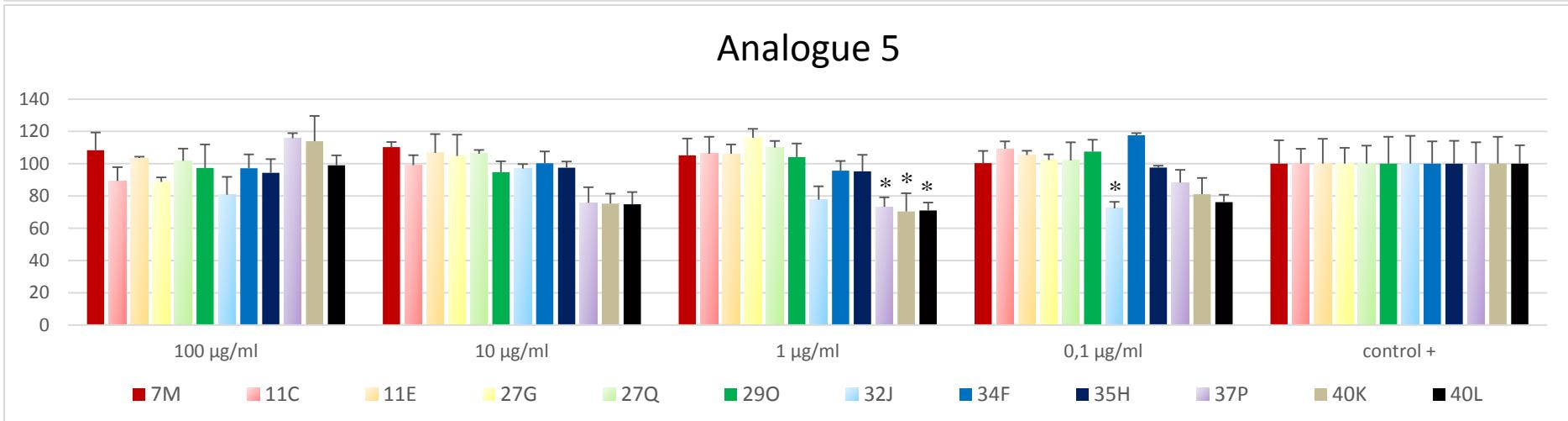
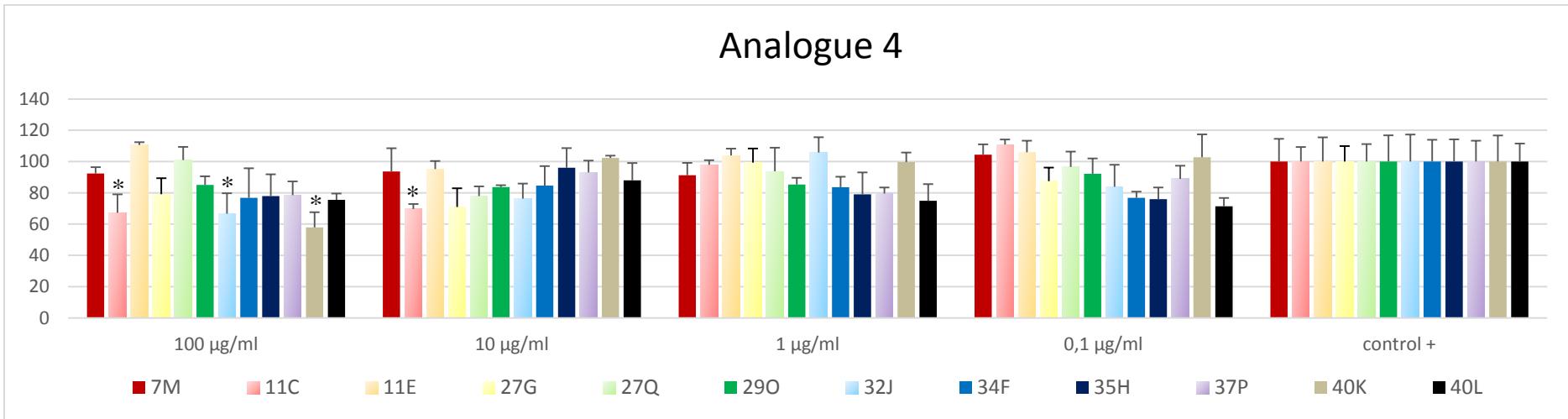
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)

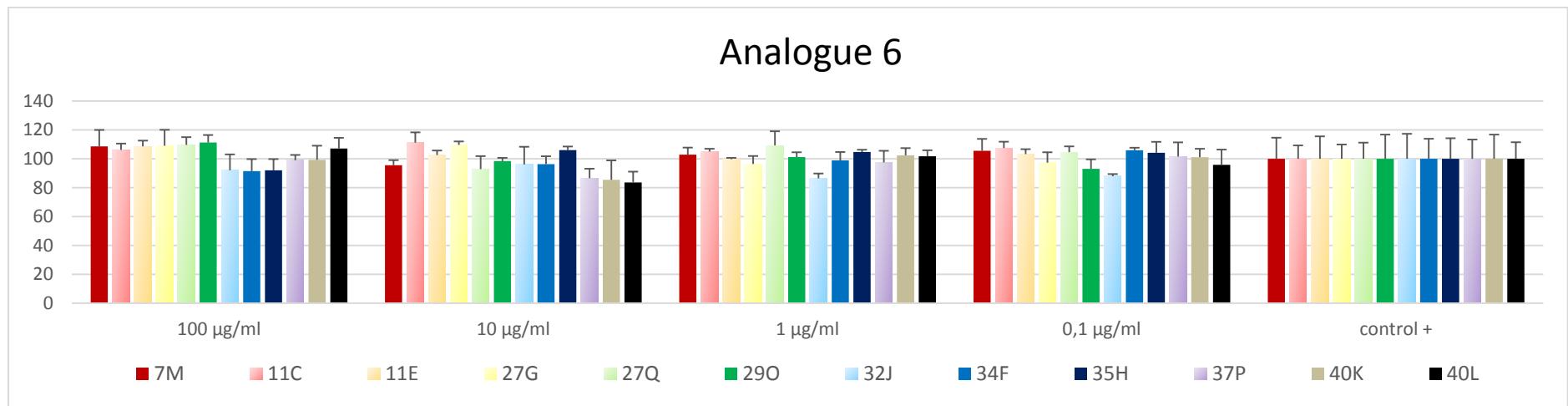


S3. Effects of procyanidin A-2 and A-type procyanidin analogues **1–6** on biofilm formation by resistant strains from foods.



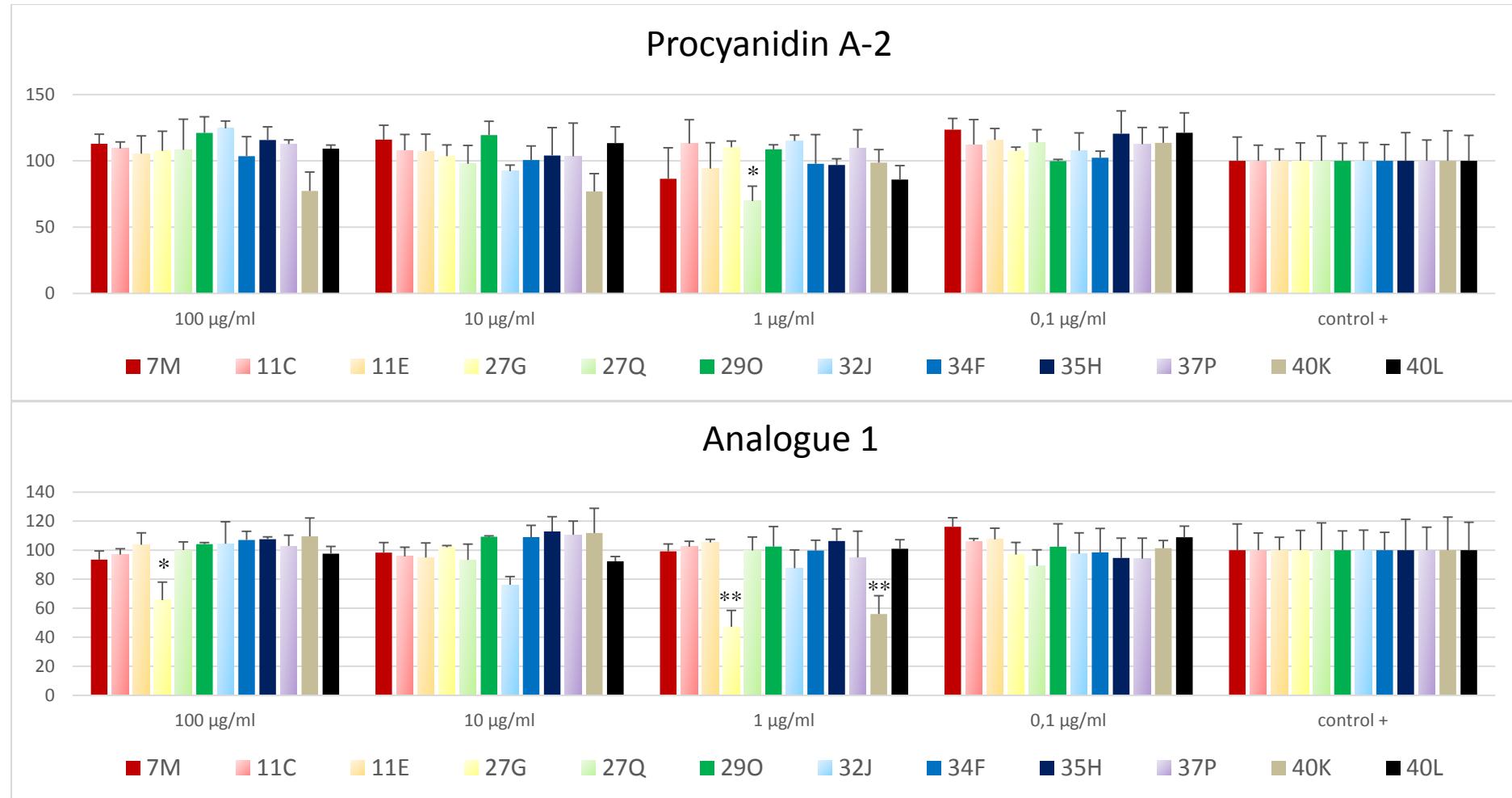


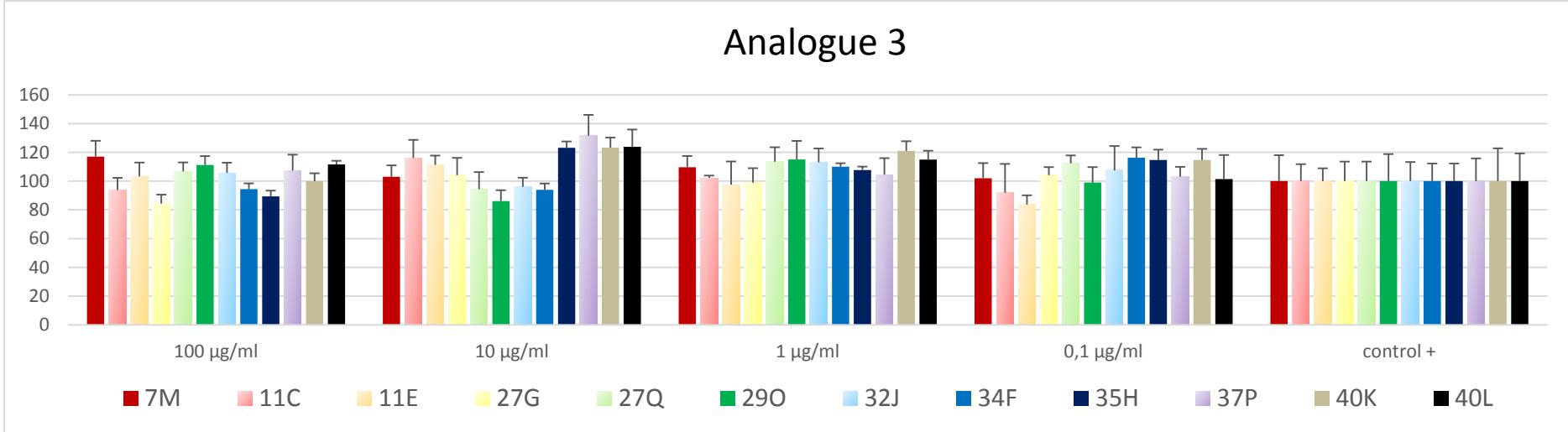
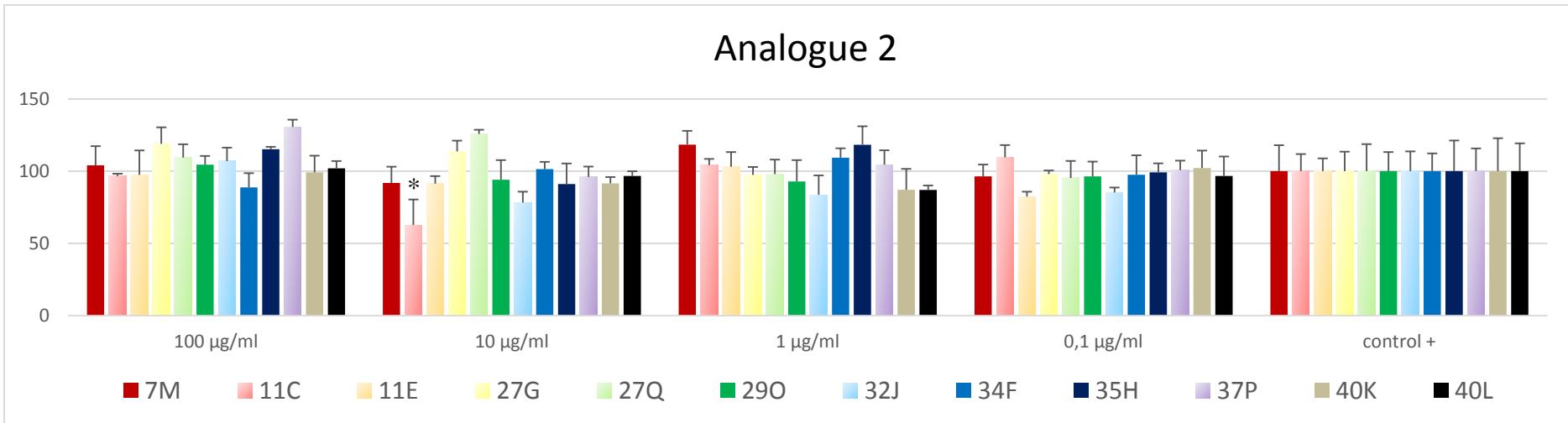


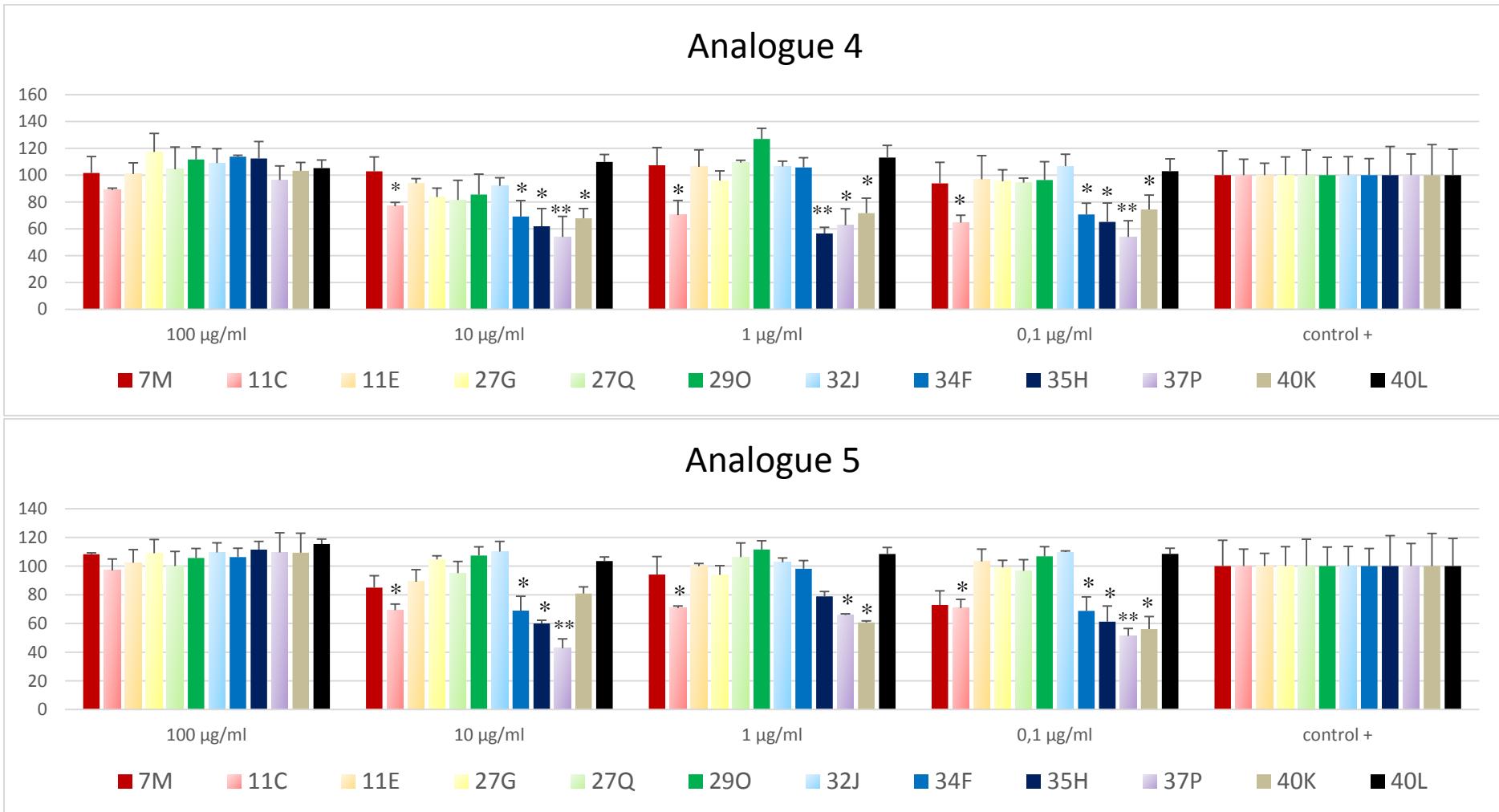


$p < 0.05$

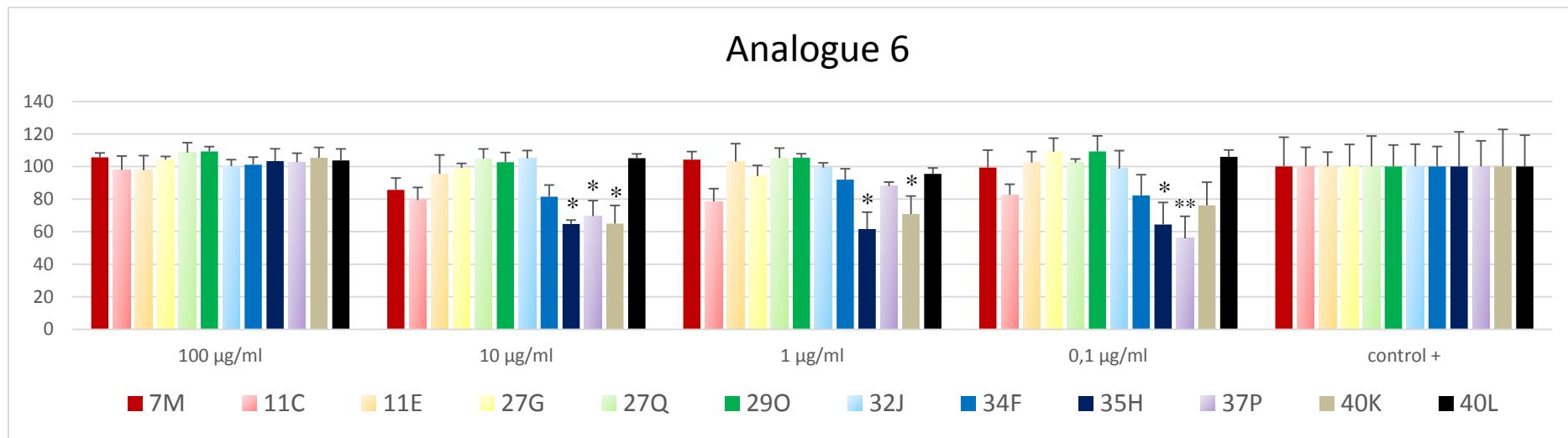
S4. Effects of procyanidin A-2 and A-type procyanidin analogues **1–6** on disruption of pre-formed biofilms by resistant strains from foods.







Analogue 6



* $p < 0.05$; ** $p < 0.01$