## Protein-Substrate Adhesion in Microcontact Printing

## Regulates Cell Behaviors

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## Supplemental Figures



Figure S1. Quality of the $\mu \mathrm{CP}$ created patterns. High contrasts of the fluorescent brightness among the patterned areas and uncoated areas indicate the good quality of the created patterns for (a) stamp-off and (b) covalent-bond methods. Scale bar: $10 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Figure S2. Measurement of the adhesion force between the ECM protein and the substrates. (a) Set-up of the measurement. (b) Representative force-displacement curves for the measurements of the substrates coated by the stamp-off method and the covalentbond method. (c) The adhesion force of protein coating by the stamp-off method and the covalent-bond method.


Figure S3. ATR-FTIR spectra at the key micropatterning steps. $v(\mathrm{~S}-\mathrm{H})$ and $v(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})$ adsorptions indicate the conjugation of MTPMS; $v(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$ and $v(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$ adsorption indicates the conjugation of GMBS.


Figure S4. Micrographs (a) and morphological statistics of (b)VECs and (c)3T3 cells seeded on the substrates coated by the stamp-off method and the covalent-bond method. NS stands for no significance. Scale bar: $20 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Figure S5. Correlations between the ECM protein delamination of the cell death for 3T3 cells. The red colour indicates the EthD-1 dye entered a dead cell. Scale bar: $20 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.


Figure S6. VMSCs viability was significantly improved (>90\%) after treated with $50 \mu \mathrm{M}$ blebbistatin on the stamp-off and covalent-bonding surfaces. Scale bar: $50 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.

