

Supporting Information

Epitope Binning Assay Using an Electron Transfer-Modulated Aptamer Sensor

Min Li^{†,‡,△}, Xudong Guo^{§ △}, Hui Li^{¶ △}, Xiaolei Zuo^{†,⊥}, Rongzhang Hao[§], Hongbin

Song[§], Ali Aldalbahi[#], Zhilei Ge[†], Jiang Li[†], Qian Li,[†] Shiping Song[†], Shaohua Li[¶],

Ningsheng Shao^{*,¶}, Chunhai Fan^{*,†}, and Lihua Wang^{*,†}

[†]*Division of Physical Biology & Bioimaging Center, Shanghai Institute of Applied*

Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 201800, China

[‡]*University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China*

[§]*Institute of Disease Control and Prevention, AMMS, Beijing 100071, China*

[¶]*Beijing Institute of Basic Medical Sciences, Beijing 100850, China*

[⊥]*Institute of Molecular Medicine, Renji Hospital, School of Medicine and School of*

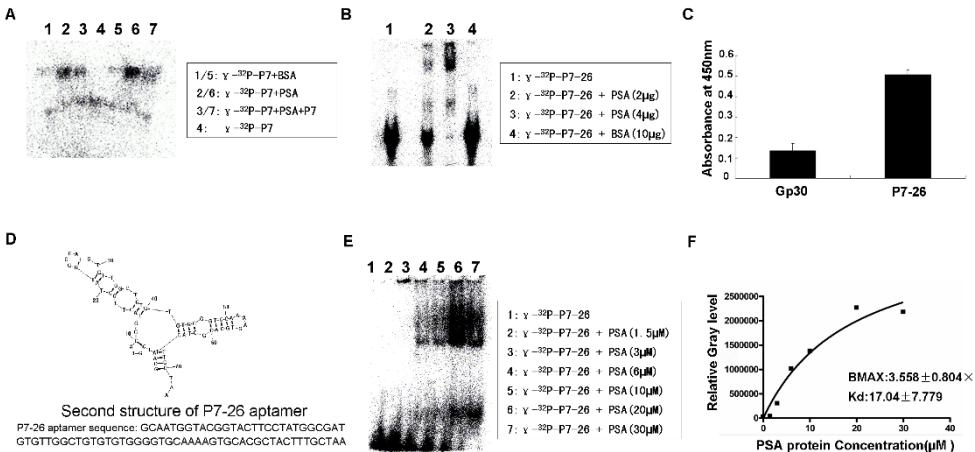
Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, shanghai

200240, China

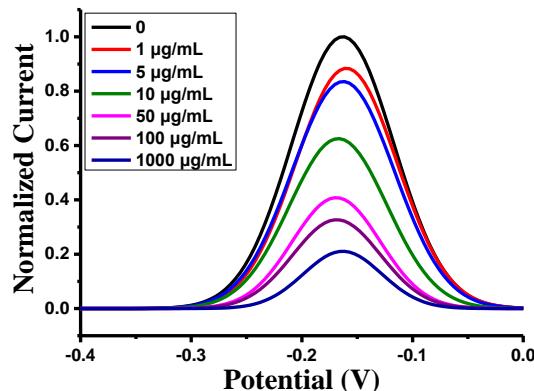
[#]*Chemistry Department, King Saud University, Riyadh 11451, Saudi Arabia*

*Corresponding author: E-mail: wanglihua@sinap.ac.cn, fanchunhai@sinap.ac.cn,

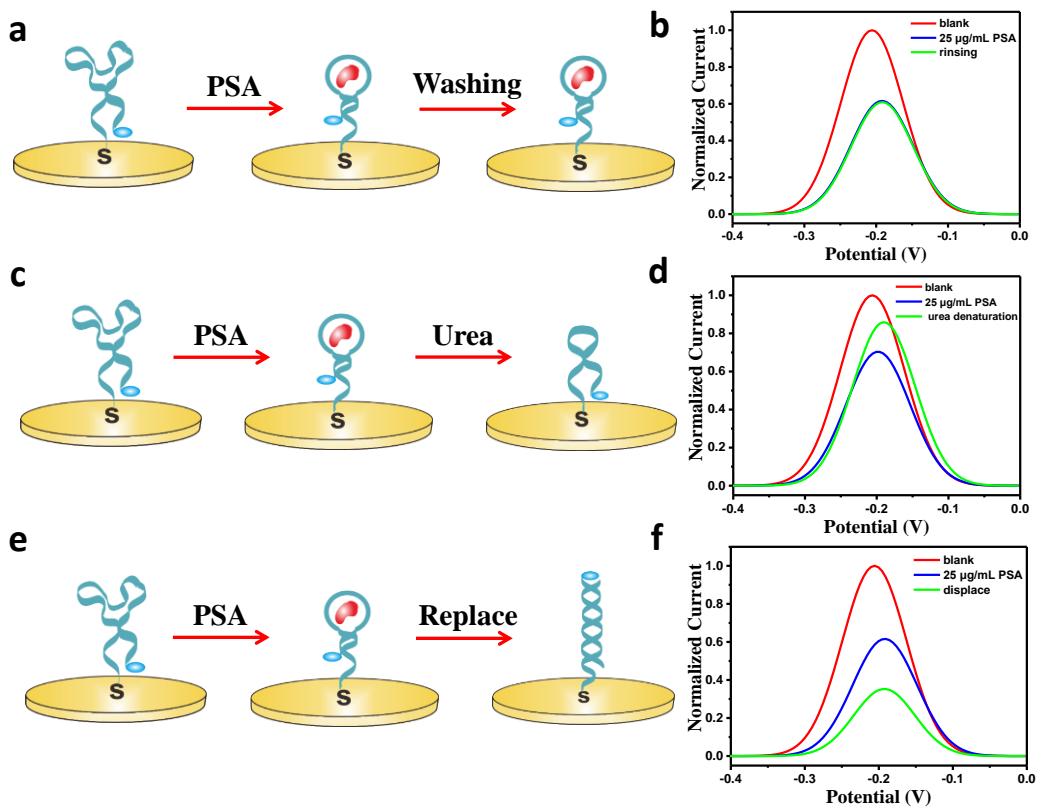
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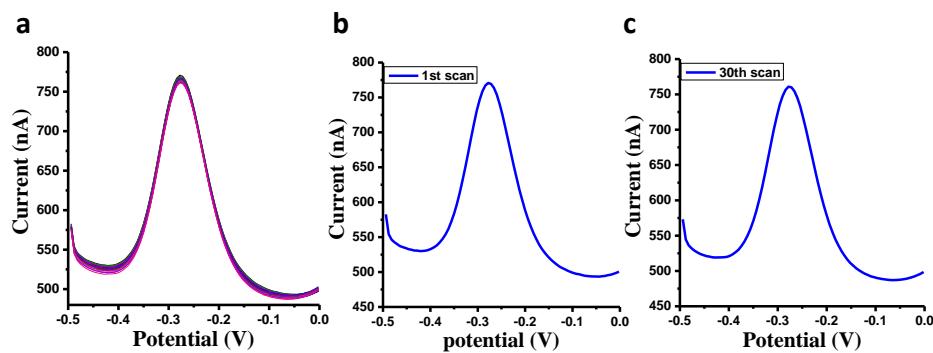
S1 Identification of the binding of the 7th pool and the P7-26 aptamer to PSA. (A) EMSA analysis of the enrichment of the 7th pool. (B) The recognition of the P7-26 aptamer to PSA by EMSA.(C) The binding of the P7-26 aptamer to PSA by ELONA.(D) The primary and secondary structure of P7-26. (E、F) The calculated Kd of the P7-26 aptamer to PSA by EMSA.



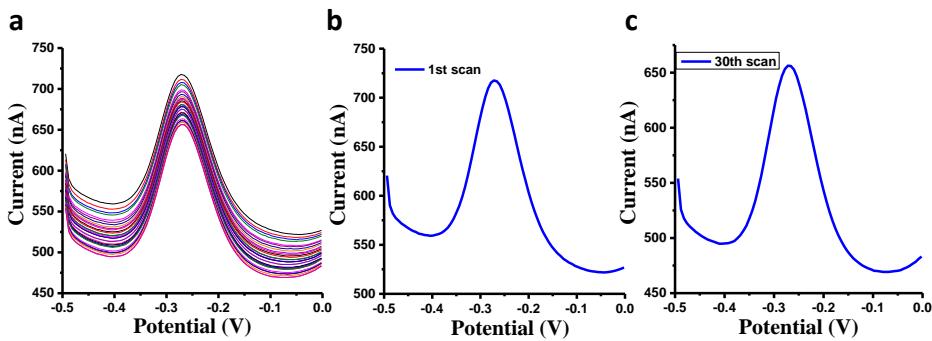
S2. Redox electrochemical signal changes of MB-Apt2 after incubation with PSA of varying concentration.



S3. Verification of the specific binding between Apt2 and PSA. (a) Schematic representation of conformational change of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by Milli-Q water rinsing treatment. (b) Square wave voltammetry of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by Milli-Q water rinsing treatment. (c) Schematic representation of conformational change of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by urea denaturation treatment. (d) Square wave voltammetry of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by urea denaturation treatment. (e) Schematic representation of conformational change of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by complementary DNA replacement. (f) Square wave voltammetry of MB-Apt2 before, after PSA binding and followed by complementary DNA replacement.



S4. The stability of redox electrochemical signal of the unbound MB-Apt2. (a) Square wave voltammetry of MB-Apt2 scanned for 30 cycles. (b-c) The first and 30th scan of MB-Apt2, respectively.



S5. The stability of redox electrochemical signal of the bound MB-Apt2 after PSA binding. (a) Square wave voltammetry of MB-Apt2 scanned for 30 cycles. (b-c) The first and 30th scan of MB-Apt2, respectively.

Supplementary Table S1. Random ssDNA library and primers were used in the experiments

Name	Sequence
GP30	5' –G CAATGGTACGGTACTTCC–N30–CAAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA–3'
Plong-1	5' – GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC–3'
P11	5' – TTAGCAAAGTAGCGTGCACTTTG–3'
Pstem-loop	5' –GCTAACGGGTGGGACTTCCTAGTCCCACCGCTAGCAAAGTAGCGTGCACTTTG–3'

Supplementary Table S2. Six candidate sequences

Aptamer	Sequence
P7-7	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>TCTGGGGTCTTATGTTGTTCACGGT</u> G <u>CCAAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA</u> –3'
P7-10	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>CCGGTGCTTATTCTGTCTCCTCTGCGT</u> C <u>AAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA</u> –3'
P7-19	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>TGTGCTGGGATTCA</u> G <u>GTGTTGTTGTCCAAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA</u> –3'
P7-22	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>TATTGTATGTCAGTGGATGTATGGGTAG</u> C <u>AAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA</u> –3'
P7-26	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>TATGGCGATGTGTTGGCTGTGTGGGGTG</u> C <u>AAAAGTGCACGCTACTTGCTAA</u> –3'
P7-30	5' –GCAATGGTACGGTACTTCC <u>TGGTGTGTTAGCGTTGTTCTGTGTTG</u> C <u>AAAAGTGCACGCTACTTAATCG</u> –3'

The random region of the aptamers were shown in bold with underline